

Calgary Weekly Herald

AND ALBERTA LIVE STOCK JOURNAL.

Gro Murdock

Volume VI, Number 3.

CALGARY, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1888.

Two Dollars a Year

CANADIAN.

The Governor-General on Retaliation.—Train Wreckers on the R. R. V. E.—Americans Charged with Discriminating Against Canadian Vessels.—Mr. White Nominated for Cardwell.

Mr. Dewdney.

WINNIPEG 18.—Mr. Dewdney is here en route to Ottawa.

Ministers at Montreal.

MONTREAL 18.—Hon. Messrs. Costigan, Haggart and Tupper arrived here today.

Selling at Ninety.

WINNIPEG 14.—Wheat is selling at ninety cents a bushel throughout Manitoba.

A Newsboy's Death.

WINNIPEG 17.—A young newsboy named Bell was run over by the street cars on Saturday and killed.

Fifty Thousand People.

TORONTO 18.—The attendance at the exhibition today was the largest in the history of the institution. Over fifty thousand people were present.

Charged With Embezzlement.

WINNIPEG 18.—W. R. Strachan, clerk in the Canadian Pacific ticket office, main street, has been arrested, charged with embezzling five hundred dollars of the company's funds.

First Passenger Train.

WINNIPEG 14.—Messrs. Greenway and Smart left for the east this morning over the Red River Valley, going down on the first passenger train over the new road.

Toronto Exhibition.

TORONTO 14.—The industrial exhibition is largely attended. The exhibits from Manitoba and the Northwest have arrived, but are not yet arranged.

Shot Himself.

WEST SELKIRK 14.—David Ogilvie, hotel keeper, while getting ready to go duck shooting today, accidentally shot himself while getting into his boat. He died from the loss of blood shortly after.

Customs Facilities for the N. P. R.

WINNIPEG 13.—Hon. Mackenzie Bowell is now here. He meets the Northern Pacific officials today to arrange customs facilities for that road.

Methodist Industrial School.

WINNIPEG 12.—The board of Methodist Missions contemplate establishing industrial schools at Battle River, also on White Caps reserve near Saskatoon.

A Mysterious Killing.

GLANBORO, MAN., 12.—Jacob Hargason an Icelandic, was found dead near here with his throat cut and a bullet through his heart. It is supposed to be a case of suicide.

Obliging Indians.

VICTORIA, 12.—The Steamer "Nell," arrived from Skeena river to-day. Her captain reports everything quiet among the Indians. They are civil and obliging.

The Governor at Toronto.

TORONTO, 12.—Lord and Lady Stanley spent a busy day viewing the sights of the city. The Governor General opened the provincial fair yesterday afternoon. An immense crowd was present.

It Pointed to Annexation.

TORONTO 13.—Erastus Wiman's speech was delivered at the fair this morning by Edison's phonograph to an interested audience. It was strongly in favor of Commercial Union and some parts pointed to annexation.

The Winnipeg Council as Entertainers. WINNIPEG 13.—The Methodist mission was entertained by the city council today, driven around the city and given a lunch in the city hall. They conclude their labors tomorrow.

Another Crank.

NIAGARA FALLS 17.—Charles Alexander Percy made a trip through both rapids in the Niagara River today. His escape is looked upon as marvelous, seeing that he was submerged half the time and dashed against numerous rocks.

Fighting The R. R. V. E.

WINNIPEG 13.—Two brothers named Champagne of St. Norbert, have been arrested for obstructing the track of the Red River Valley Railway with ties.

WINNIPEG 18.—Running trains on the Red River Valley road is now attended with considerable difficulty, particularly at a point near St. Norbert, where a settler named Champagne is angry because the company has not built fences along the track. He has several times placed ties on the rail and threatens to shoot anyone whom he catches disturbing them.

Bob White For Cardwell.

TORONTO 14.—At the convention of Cardwell conservatives at Moss Mills today, Robert Evans announced his retirement for personal reasons. Bob White, of the Montreal Gazette, son of the late Hon. Thos. White, was unanimously chosen candidate amid great enthusiasm.

OTTAWA 18.—The Cardwell nomination takes place on the 28th, election on October the third. Mr. White it is expected, will be opposed by local conservatives.

Counter Charge.

LAPRAIRIE 13.—Ten thousand people attended the conservative picnic here today. Sir Adolphe Chene, Hon. J. A. Chapleau and Sir Hector Langevin delivered eloquent addresses which were enthusiastically received. Laurier was strongly denounced for his recent utterances on the fisheries question.

OTTAWA 14.—At the request of Sir John Macdonald a number of gentlemen who are engaged in the forwarding business have submitted to the Dominion Government for transmission to the Imperial authorities, information as to the harsh manner in which they have been treated in their business with the New York State Canals.

KINGSTON, 14.—Sir John Macdonald, finding his presence absolutely necessary at the capital left for Ottawa last night. His first public utterance on the Retaliation question in which he advised the maintenance of a dignified and perfectly independent nonchalance is generally approved. In answer to your correspondent's question as to whether the cabinet had discussed the Retaliation Bill as declared in the United States press, Sir John said: "No sir! Any reports to that effect are pure inventions. Not a word has been said about it. The cabinet is not interested in the deliberations of another country. When the bill is passed and President Cleveland acts upon it then will be time enough for us to discuss it."

KINGSTON, 12.—The provincial exhibition was formally opened to-day by Sir John Macdonald before a vast audience. The veteran premier made a happy address and touching on retaliation said that maybe Canada would have to look to its own resources in view of the action of the United States. "Canadians," he said, "are to be excluded for no act of theirs. Well if they will not allow us to trade with them, we can trade with ourselves. We are not afraid or dismayed at any threatened attempt to hamper our commerce or cripple our resources. The effect will be the same as was shown after the abrogation of the reciprocity treaty of 1854. It showed we could rely upon our own resources. While we should like to continue to trade with our neighbors in the freest manner we can afford to do without it and can afford to wait with calm self respect the outcome of the matter."

Hon G. A. Kirkpatrick, ex-speaker of the House of Commons, endorsed the premier's utterances, saying that Canadians could with nonchalance listen to the retaliation discussion as they could be quite independent of other countries. They wanted to be friendly with the States but if the doors were shut they would not growl.

Miss Hulda Baker, of Syracuse, N. Y., created a feeling of delight by stepping to Sir John's side, grasping his hand and declaring that she was a loyal American subject but could tell him they did not mean to shut their doors against him, that they were going to open them wide. Sir John laughed and said, "I am sure you want against such a good looking fellow as me."

Hon. G. Joly, ex-premier of Quebec then indulged in a little reciprocity that was cheering. He offered his arm to the lady and conducted her with the premier's party on a tour of inspection of the exhibition.

UNITED STATES.

No Recent Complaints Against Canada's Treatment of American Fishermen.—Professor, Freeter The Celebrated Astronomer Dead.—Disastrous Fire in Oregon.

Hill for Governor Again.

BUFFALO 13.—David Hill was re-nominated for governor of New York today.

Yellow Jack's Depredations.

JACKSONVILLE 18.—The official report today shows fifty two cases and seven deaths from yellow fever.

An Enormous Shortage.

MINNEAPOLIS 17.—The Evening Journal estimates the wheat crop shortage in Minnesota and Dakota this year at 35,000,000 bushels less than last year.

Chicago's Third Straight Game.

CHICAGO 14.—Chicago won her third straight game of baseball from New York yesterday in the presence of twenty five thousand people.

Fatal Blast in Montana.

HELENA, 12.—Premature explosion of a blast in the south face of the Wicks tunnel on the Montana Central Railway south of Helena this morning killed ten men and seriously injured five.

Disastrous Fire in Tacoma.

TACOMA, 14.—A large fire is now raging here. Property worth half a million has been already destroyed. The whole southern part of the city is in danger of destruction.

Terrible Railway Collision.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, 14.—A terrible collision occurred on the B. & O. Railway this morning at Autentown station. Four persons were killed and twenty-two injured, some fatally.

Courtship by Mail.

NEW YORK 10.—Twenty four Swedish maidens aged from nineteen to twenty five, arrived at Castle Garden yesterday. They are all under contract to marry. The engagements were made by the aid of photographs and considerable correspondence.

Eighty-Seven Drowned.

MADRID, 14.—Eighty-one passengers, mostly emigrants, and six members of the crew of the steamer South America, which sunk last evening, are lost. The South America collided with the steamer La France which is badly damaged.

In Favor of Protection.

INDIANAPOLIS, 12.—Governor Harrison's letter accepting the republican nomination for the presidency was given out tonight. It makes three columns and is mostly devoted to an argument in favor of protection.

The Interstate Act and the C. P. R.

WASHINGTON 14.—In the course of the consideration of amendments to the interstate commerce act a motion was made to bring the Canadian Pacific under its operation. The act will not be withdrawn for the present.

Evicted Indians.

BISMARCK, DAK., 13.—The Indians are greatly excited at the report that the commission will soon return to Standing Rock to treat for the opening of the reservation. While some younger Indians may sign, Sitting Bull, Big Head, Gall and Bear are still bitterly opposed.

Another Fire in Oregon.

PORTLAND, Oregon, 17.—A disastrous fire occurred at Spokane Falls last night. Twenty buildings were destroyed. During the progress of the flames a heavy explosion occurred in a pawn broker's shop, but no one was injured. The loss is half a million with small insurance.

New Recent Complaints.

WASHINGTON 13.—A return brought down by the President yesterday in response to a resolution of the house by Senator Hoare, shows that since March eighteen eighty seven there have been no complaints against Canada for ill-treatment of American vessels, and therefore there is no immediate cause for the proclamation.

The White Pasha.

NEW YORK 11.—The Sun's correspondent writes: The White Pasha on the Babr Al Ghasel continues to be written and telegraphed about in Europe. The mysterious personage who has repulsed three expeditions sent against the Mahdi's successor is generally believed to be Stanley, but his identity has not been established. One report makes him out the Mudir of an Egyptian province, and all declare him to be supported by an immense following of blacks. The despatches to-day announce that the people of Khartoum are forbidden to talk of him, which is most important, as it proves that he has inspired those he means to conquer with fear and respect.

A Famous Man Dead.

NEW YORK 14.—Professor Richard A. Proctor, the celebrated astronomer, died at Willard Parker Hospital, in this city, this evening from yellow fever. He arrived here from Oakland, Fla., where he had an observatory, on Monday and was immediately prostrated with the disease, which the best doctors unhesitatingly pronounced to be yellow fever. Other doctors doubted that the disease was really yellow fever, but their doubts were removed when the patient was seized with black vomit this evening and died from its effects. The Professor had engaged a passage for Europe, intending to sail on Saturday. His family are still at Oakland, Fla., where no cases of yellow fever have been reported.

Yellow Jack.

JACKSONVILLE 14.—Many deaths might be prevented if there were not a lack of nurses. The death of Rev. J. H. Sharpe yesterday was the result of ignorant negro nurses allowing him to take a hot bath and then bathe his feet in ice water and put ice on his neck. He died an hour afterwards. Many other deaths can be traced to lack of proper care. The nurses from New Orleans had to be sent to the hospitals leaving the sick at home still inadequately attended. A corps of nurses will arrive to-morrow from Charleston sent at the expense of the people of that city. Two hundred more are needed. Great efforts will be made to get a train to the north tomorrow.

There were reported for the 24 hours ending at 6 p. m. last night, 32 new cases and five deaths. The dead today are Mrs. Laura Jenkins, Edgar Davidson, J. L. McKinnon, Mrs. Christopher and J. C. Wright.

CANADIAN.

Doctors Coming to Banff.

OTTAWA 13.—The Medical Association met here today and held a banquet this evening in the Russell. It is likely that they will meet next year at Banff Hotel, N. W. T. It is also understood that Dr. H. P. Wright will be the next president.

Nationalist Candidate in Montreal.

MONTREAL 14.—At the national caucus this evening Laurier and Mercier were both present. A. E. Poirer, one of the dismissed translators of the House of Commons, was chosen as the liberal candidate to contest Montreal east.

Frost in Quebec.

MONTREAL 11.—A severe frost this morning is reported, in the whole country around and is reported to have done much damage to the tender crops. Quebec sends the same reports, and the cool dip seems to have extended all over the New England States. From several points in Vermont and New Hampshire much damage to crops is reported.

Seized in the Pacific.

VICTORIA, 18.—Messrs. Hall & Gospel, of this city, have received a letter from Capt. Silward, of the sealing schooner "Aronnah", informing them of the seizure of his vessel in the North Pacific ocean on the first of July last. The seizure was made by the Alaska Commercial Company's steamer "Alexander." The matter has been placed in the hands of Her Majesty's Consul at St. Petersburg and the outrage is forming the subject of diplomatic correspondence.

Hudson Bay Road.

WINNIPEG 14.—It is probable that the basis of an agreement will be shortly arrived at between the promoters of the Hudson's Bay Railway and the government. They have submitted alternative propositions to complete the line to Hudson's Bay in two and a half years upon the government guaranteeing bonds on four and a half millions, or to build one hundred miles to the narrows of Lake Manitoba this fall, upon receiving assistance to extend the guaranteeing bonds for six thousand four hundred dollars per mile. The government on their side have offered to guarantee two and a half millions and the probability is the company will accede to this; in which case the road will be completed to the narrows this fall.

ACROSS THE SEA.

The White Pasha.—Terrible Flood in Spain.—Michael Davitt in Exile.—Revolts Against Gladstone.—The Afghanistans Revolt.—The Congo Explorers.

Sir George Stephen.

LONDON, 12.—Sir George Stephen is in Scotland and is improving in health.

Bismarck Wants to Resign.

BERLIN 18.—Bismarck has asked the Emperor to allow him to resign the chancellorship owing to ill health.

Major Bartelot Murdered.

LONDON 14.—Advices from the Congo River state that Major Bartelot has been murdered by his carriers.

Sir Charles and English Merchants.

LONDON, 12.—Sir Charles Tupper has promised to attend the autumnal meeting of the associated chambers of commerce at Cardiff on the twenty-fifth.

The Parnell Commission.

LONDON 13.—The Parnell commission has adjourned to October 22nd. The Parnellites say they have scored a great victory by compelling the Times to produce documentary evidence.

Against Federation.

ST. JOHNS, Nfld., 12.—A large open air meeting was held last evening to protest against sending a federation delegation to Ottawa. The delegation has been indefinitely postponed.

The Afghanistan Revolt.

LONDON, 13.—A despatch from the Times correspondent at Calcutta, says: "The Plak Khan revolt is believed to be a failure. A decisive battle is expected shortly. Later advices show that in the engagement at Naimera the Ameer's troops were victorious."

The Congo Explorers.

LONDON 17.—Capt. Vangele, who has just returned to Europe from the Congo country, is convinced of Tippe Tib's innocence of the murder of Major Bartelot. He thinks the strict discipline preserved by Bartelot aroused hostility. Capt. Vangele is convinced that Stanley is safe.

Utter Rubbish.

LONDON, 13.—An absurd statement is cabled here by the New York correspondent of the Standard to the effect that Canada will be put immediately in a state of thorough defence and the Imperial Government asked to give a grant of several millions sterling for strategic and other purposes. The statement is quoted and made the most of by the evening papers, but is regarded by all persons conversant with Canadian affairs as utter rubbish and beneath contempt.

Earthquake in Greece.

ATHENS, 14.—Later news of the Earthquake at Vostizza on the Corinthian Gulf shows that every building in the place has been damaged and many of them completely destroyed. Two corpses have been found and it is expected that other bodies will be discovered when the debris is cleared away as many persons are missing. Most of those, however, have fled through fright. A large number of persons have been injured, some of them seriously. Every village for miles around has suffered more or less but no details have been received.

Michael Davitt Revolts.

DUBLIN 13.—Michael Davitt, in a speech at Knockarvo yesterday, said that the cry of "Gloria Gladstone, in excelsis," had gone too far. While Liberals remained heedless of the atrocities attending evictions there could be placed no faith in the boasted alliance of Liberals and Nationals, which proved to be a hand-cuff instead of a shield. Unless the Liberals did something to ensure confidence the Irish would be compelled to adopt unconstitutional methods in dealing with licensed agents of cruelty. They must rally their forces instantly throughout the world and defend their homes.

LONDON 13.—The managers of the Liberal party are actively endeavoring to ascertain the whereabouts of Parnell, with the view of requesting him to exert his influence to restrain Michael Davitt from further animadversions upon the Liberal-Parnellite coalition.

LOST

LOST—A Red Cow about 4 years old, in full milk, branded UN monogram on right hip. Any one finding above will leave word at this office.
125-207 W

FOUND—One horse with white hind feet, branded with a or running M on left shoulder, also two bay mares supposed to be Canadian bred, quiet and no brands, near on shoulder of one. Inquire at Herald Office.

REWARD—Lost one large brown mare, 5 or 6 years old, branded on left hip, no white, heavy with foal, scar on left hind fetlock joint, also one bay Cayuse mare, branded with large saddle marks on back. The above reward will be paid for the recovery of the said animals. Address W. W. Stewart, Morley P.O. or to the Herald.

REWARD—Strayed from Pine Creek on 7th August, one dark bay mare branded monogram M on left shoulder and 7 on left hip. Also one dark bay mare branded with 3 on left hip. The above reward will be paid to any one returning information as to the whereabouts of the same. J. W. McLaughlin Pine Creek.

NOTICE

J. W. McLaughlin, having left Calgary, all orders in the Herald must be sent to W. W. Stewart, at the old stand, Stephen Avenue.

HORSES WANTED.

FOR pasture, two miles from town, 140 acres fenced, with stream running through; work driving horses. Delivered any time. Apply J. SOMERS, Calgary, P.O. 143.

FOUND.

NEAR COCHRANE, Coyuse mare, branded on left side. Owner can have her by proving property, and paying expenses.
225-221 W R. W. COWAN, Cochrane.

\$5.00 REWARD.

Strayed from my premises on Stephen Avenue, Calgary, a dark colored filly, two years old, no brand, had on neck strap with piece of rope and a silver attached. The above reward will be paid to any one returning information as to the whereabouts of the same. S. McComb, Calgary, Aug. 1st 1908.

\$10.00 REWARD.

STRAYED from Rosebud Ranch, one brown mare, branded JO on left shoulder. Had on a halter and piece of rope. Also one dark brown Cayuse mare branded A. The above reward will be paid to any one returning information as to the whereabouts of the same. S. McComb, Calgary, Aug. 1st 1908.

D. McCAHERN, Rosebud Ranch, Calgary, P.O. 190-D Tues W 10

\$15 and \$5 Reward.

STRAYED, from Nose Creek, 1 (red) Short horn, 5 Bull, branded DV on left side, 5 two-year-old, both branded. Five dollars reward for the bull and fifteen for the two-year-olds, delivered either at the ranch or at Coy's stables.
PETTAPICKE & POTTER, Calgary, June 18th, 1908.

STRAYED.

STRAYED, ONE BAY HORSE 16 hands, 3 inches in height, branded TL monogram (Tom Lynch brand) on right shoulder and circle dot on right hip. Has white star on forehead and halter marks on nose. A suitable reward will be paid to the finder on returning the same to F. De WINTON, Brecon Ranch, Bow River.

\$50 REWARD

STRAYED, from High River Range, there were 8 mares, 1 bay horse, 1 yearling colt, five yearling colts not branded. I will give fifty dollars reward to any one that will deliver the same at my ranch, at the crossing of High River, on the Macleod road, or for any information that would lead to the recovery of the same. My brand is on left shoulder.
J. J. SULLIVAN.

Send your Printing to the Herald

HEREFORD CATTLE.

THOROUGHBREDS!

For Sale this Spring: Several Bulls and three cows. This surplus stock to be sold at prices to suit all classes of stockmen.

O. GREGG, Pale Face Han' PEKISKO.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

OF E. PASKE SMITH AND BENTLEY MOORE. Notice is hereby given that the above firm have made an assignment to me for the benefit of their creditors. Creditors must file their claims with me on or before the 30th day of June 1908, after which date I will proceed to distribute the estate having regard only to the claims of which I shall then have notice.
F. W. PETTIT, Trustee.
Calgary, N. W. T.
Dated at Calgary the 25th day of May, A. D. 1908.

JAMES F. LAWRENCE.

Cattle brand same as cut on left side. Horse brand same on left thigh. Vent for both, bar through brand. Pedigree Hereford bulls and heifers, also Shorthorn bulls and heifers for sale. Address JAMES F. LAWRENCE, Springwater Ranch, Calgary.

QUEEN RANCH CO.

J. J. Barter, Manager Range Sheep Creek and High River. Address, Box 106, Calgary, N. W. T. Marks, wattle on right side of neck. Cattle brand same as cut. Vent, same as brand on right shoulder.

Horse brand same as cut on right shoulder, also on left shoulder and on all horses branded OX on left shoulder.

STEWART RANCHE COMPANY, (Limited).

Range—Pincher Creek, near Fort Macleod. Address—Fort Macleod, N. W. T. Owners of cattle and horses branded 4 on left hip, and cattle TM connected on left hip. Ear marks—Right ear cropped, left ear under bit. Horse brand—SU on left shoulder.

C. H. GOLDFINCH.

Range, Bow River. Address, Langdon. Cattle Brand, same as cut, on left side. Horse Brand, same as cut, on left shoulder. Also owner of cattle branded horseshoe and frog.

J. D. LAUDER.

Range—Elbow River. Address—Calgary. Vent—Bar under brand.

JAMES MITCHELL.

Range, between Bow and Elbow rivers. Address, Sind Ranch, Calgary, Alberta. Horse brand, same as cut on left shoulder with cut the rail. Cattle brand, same as cut on left side. Vent, same as cut without rail.

W. HUCKVALE.

Range, Big Bend, Belly River. Address, Macleod, Alta. Horse Brand, same on left hip. Vent, same on left shoulder.

WINDER RANCH COMPANY.

Range, Willow Creek. Address, Macleod, Alberta. Horse Brand, same as cattle on left shoulder. This year's colts branded double crank on left jaw.

BREALLY BROTHERS.

Address, Calgary. Range, Beaver Dam. Horse Brand, same as cut on left side. Also own cattle branded BB on left hip and O-E on left side.

MOUNT ROYAL RANCH.

W. C. WELLS, PROPRIETORS. R. N. BROWN. Address, Cochrane, N. W. T. Range, Bow and Ghost Rivers.

LOUIS ROSELLE.

Range, Elbow River. Address, Calgary, Alberta. Brand, same as cut. Vent, bar through brand.

W. FODGER.

RANGE—LITTLE BOW. Address, High River. Cattle brand, same as cut, on left ribs. Horse brand HP on left hip. Also owner of all cattle branded J L Onright.

STUART BROS.

Range, Jumping Pond. Brand same as cut on right hip. Also owner of cattle branded same left side. Address W. W. Stuart, Millward, N. W. T.

T. BANBURY.

Range, Pine Creek. Address, Calgary, N. W. T.

CROSS BROTHERS.

Range, Mosquito Creek and Little Bow River. Address, High River. Horse Brand, M on left shoulder. Also own horses branded same as cut on left thigh. Own cattle branded JN on right side and thigh.

THE COCHRANE RANCH CO. (Limited).

Head Office, Montreal, P. Q. President, Hon. M. H. Cochrane. Vice-President, Jas. A. Cochrane. Sec.-Treas., J. M. Browning.

Range, Between Kootenai and Belly Rivers. Address, Macleod, N. W. T. Vent, inverted C on left side. Double Dewlap on calves branded after 1882. Underbit out of left ear of calves branded up to 1882. Vent for horses, inverted R on left hip. Also owners of cattle with double dewlap, and branded with square and compass on right hip.

UNDERWICK & LEATHAM.

Range—Between Middle and North Forks of Old Man's River. Address—Fort Macleod, N. W. T. Vent—Brand inverted. Owners of cattle branded 1 on left side. Calves—Swallow fork on left ear. Horse brand—A on left hip. Horse vent—Same on left shoulder.

BOW RIVER HORSE CO. (Limited).

Head office: Edmonton, Devonshire, England. Partners: Charles Elton, Esq. Vice-President, Hon. M. H. Cochrane. Range, between Bow and Elbow Rivers. Address of the Co. Cochrane P. O. Alberta. Brands, JH on left ribs and hip. Also owners of the old C brand of horses. Also own horses branded monogram JH on left shoulder, or hip of both. Vent, inverted C on left hip. Well broken horses always for sale at reasonable prices.

J. H. MORRISON, Manager, Cochrane Alta.

BLUNT & HOLMES.

Address—Calgary. Cattle brand same as cut on left side. Also some of cattle branded OVS on left side. Horse brand same as cut on left shoulder 158.

LITTLE BOW RANCHE CO.

Range, Little Bow and Mosquito Creek. Cattle brand, same as cut on left ribs. Wattle, left cheek. Horse brand same as cut on left thigh. Vent, same as cut, on right thigh.

PRIMROSE RANCH CO.

Range, Big Lake and Little Bow. Address, Calgary. Brand, same as cut.

THE NEW OXLEY, (CANADA) RANCH CO. (Limited).

Range—Porcupine and Willow Creek. Address—H. Stanley Primrose, Manager, Fort Macleod, N. W. T.

J. W. BRANKLEY. Range, Stoney Creek. Address, Calgary, Alta. Brand DX on right hip.

THOMAS BEHAN.

Range, between Bow and Elbow Rivers. Address, Stud Ranch, Calgary, Alberta. Brand 701 on left hip. Horse Brand, Diamond on left shoulder. Vent, 701 under brand.

MAIN & DENNIS.

Range, Big Bend, Belly River and Upper Teton Valley. Address, Lethbridge, N. W. T., and Old agency M. T. Horse Brand, 5 on left thigh. Also owners of the 2 and 69 brands.

JOHN WADE.

Range, Sheep Creek. Address, Okatawa, Alta.

CHARLES CARRY.

Range, Bow River, west of the Gap. Address, Canmore, N. W. T. Cattle Brand, same as Vent, rut bar over brand.

JOHN THOMPSON.

Address, Dunbow. Range, near mouth of High River. Brand, one on left side. Vent 16 on left hip.

W. SKRINE.

Range, High River. Address, High River. Cattle brand, same as cut, on right ribs. Vent, same of cut, on right hip.

THE POWDER RIVER CATTLE COMPANY.

Address, E. W. MORPHY, Manager, Macleod, ALBERTA. Range; Mosquito Creek and Little Bow River.

W. I. IKIN.

Range, High River. Address, High River. Cattle brand, same as cut on left ribs. Ear mark, swallow fork on both ears. Vent inverted on left shoulder. Horse brand, same as on left shoulder.

JAMES WALKER.

Range, Bow River east of Calgary. Address, Calgary, N. W. T. Horse Brand, same, on left shoulder. Vent, Cattle, same on left side. Vent, Horses, same on left hip.

MATTHEW COOK.

Address, Glendon. Range, Rosebud River. Horse brand, same as cut on left shoulder.

RICARDO & WILLIAMS.

Range, north of the Bow. Address, Box 1212, Calgary. Brand, same as cut on left hip. Vent, small 6 over brand.

BRITISH COLUMBIA CATTLE CO.

Range, Mosquito Creek. Address, Calgary, N. W. T. Horse brand 3 on left thigh.

W. C. CONRAD.

Range, Little Bow River. Address, H. Harris, Lethbridge. Horse Brand on left thigh. Vent, on cattle, Z on left shoulder.

ALEXANDER RANCH.

Range, south of Mosquito Creek, west of Macleod trail. Address, Mosquito Creek via Calgary, N. W. T. Horse brand, same as cut upright on left shoulder. Calves, same as cut on both hips, and left ear Crop. Vent, brand reversed.

BOULE & McINNIS.

Range, between Fish and Pine Creek. Address, Calgary, N. W. T. Horse brand same as cut on left shoulder.

ALISA RANCH.

Range—Between Pine Creek and Sheep Creek. Cattle Brand "A" on Right Side. Horse Brand—Same on Right Shoulder. Vent—Bar beneath the brand.

MEERS, BONE, WRIGHT & TURNER.

Calgary, N. W. T.

BROOKS & ALLFREY.

Range between Middle and South Forks of Man's River. Address, Pincher Creek, N. W. T. Vent, same on left hip. Horse brand, same on left shoulder. Marks, both ears split.

J. WALTER IRON. FREDERICK W. IRON. IRONS BROTHERS.

Range, North Fork, High River. Address, High River, Alberta, N. W. T. Horse brand, OI on left shoulder.

WILLIAM POLLOCK.

Range, Fish Creek. Address, Maple Creek. Brand, same as cut. Vent, same as shoulder. Also own horse brand ed on right shoulder.

I. G. BAKER & CO.

Address, Fort Macleod, N. W. T., and Fort Beaton, Alta. Work cattle branded B on left shoulder, and 38 on horn.

Oners of cattle branded 32 on left side and 4 on left hip.

33

S. LIVINGSTON.

Range, Elbow River. Address, Calgary, Alberta. N. W. T. Horse Brand, same on hip.

NORTH-WEST CATTLE Co. (Limited).

Head Office, Montreal. Q. President, Andrew Allen, Managing Director, F. S. Stinson. Range, High River. Address, High River N. W. T. Horse Brand, same as cut on left shoulder.

T. H. STEADMAN.

Fort Macleod. Address, Fort Macleod, N. W. T. Vent, same on left hip. MACLEOD STABLES Harry Steadman, Proprietor.

LIVESTOCK FEED AND SALE.

Complete in all its branches. Special accommodations for Stallions and Race Horses.

HERBERT SAMSON.

Range, Little Bow and Mosquito Creek. Address, High River. Cattle Brand, XV on left side. Horse Brand, same as cut on left hip. Also own horses and cattle branded 31 on left side.

B. PRUEN.

Range, mouth of High River, north of the Bow. Address, Calgary. Horse Brand same as cut on right shoulder. Marks, this year, calves wattle on right thigh.

T. O. CRITCHLEY.

Range, Nose creek. Address, Calgary. Brand, 2 on left shoulder. Vent, 2 on left hip.

THE McHUGH RANCHE CO.

Range Bow River Park. P. O.—Calgary. Cattle brand, same as cut, clip off right ear. Also owner of cattle branded 8 on right shoulder. Horse brand J 3 on right shoulder. Heavy draught & general purpose stallions for sale.

Address P. A. McHugh, Calgary. T. P. McHugh, Strathmore.

WALBOND CATTLE RANCHE.

North Fork, Old Man's River and Beaver Creek. Brand—Cattle, W. R. on the left ribs and calves since 1884 bar on the left hip. Ear marks—Right split, left two undercuts. Vent—W. R. (Monogram) on left thigh. Horses—W. R. (Monogram) on left hip. Vent—W. R. (Monogram) on left shoulder. P. O.—Fort Macleod, Alberta. G. W. Fields, Local Manager. Wm. Bell, V.S., Clerk of the Ranch. D. McCAHERN, Manager Director, Montreal.

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CORRESPONDENCE.

Not Hunkering After Annexation.
To the Editor of the Herald.
Sir,—It is gratifying to see the good opinion formed of Calgary and the Northwest by the worthy editor of the Iowa Daily Republican, as reported from his own personal observations during his recent visit; but his remark that here and elsewhere in the province the majority of the people are anxious for annexation to the States, creates a hearty laugh, and considering the source from which his information is derived, it reminds one forcibly of the story of the three tailors of Tooley Street, London, when making a representation to the government, they began with "We the people of England." Doubtless there have been and still are good and able men in power in the States, but I am not aware of any one of them having yet pointed out a single solid advantage to be gained by Canada supposing she were anxious for this connection. Annexation indeed! to gain what? To be extinguished, to be sat upon, to play second fiddle, or possibly be treated like poor Dakota. You put the whole matter in a nutshell Mr. Editor, in finishing up your excellent leader of Tuesday on this subject, by stating that although we have some local grievances, we are not such cranks as to wish to jump from the frying pan into the fire. We are always pleased to welcome all good people from over the line, and to be on the most friendly terms with our neighbors, but all the same we are equally resolved to hold our own.

There is no form of government perfect, but as a naturalized French gentleman once said to the writer, "we have more security to life and property under the British rule and as much liberty as is good for any human being." That is an indisputed fact and the traditions of the past prove it beyond words. Let us therefore stick close to our glorious old flag which braves a thousand years the battle and the breeze. Canada is fast filling up with a class of hardy and industrious settlers. She is also making rapid strides in her commercial relations and in the development of her inexhaustible resources and is there anything impossible in the supposition that by and by, the wish for annexation may be just as likely to come from the other side. We shall wait and see.

A CITIZEN.
Calgary 12th September.

Anti-Flummery.

To the Editor of the Herald.
Sir.—It is stated in the Manitoba papers that at the opening of the provincial legislature recently Lieut. Governor Schultz did not appear decked out in the tabor usually worn by provincial governors at opening ceremonies. He was simply dressed as a gentleman. Just think of it! No lace, no feathers, no peaked hat, no flummery. How refreshing this must have appeared to these Canadians present who appreciated the blessings of sturdy Canadian common sense.

Yours as usual, JAMES REILLY.

An Important Piece of Work Finished.

Mr. Jerry Boice who had the contract for cutting the boulevard track through what is known as the cut bank on the north side of the Bow River, making a level passage from north Calgary to the Nose Creek Valley, reports that he has completed his work and that the road is now fifteen feet wide. The cutting was purely in rock and there will be no danger of slides. The road can be and probably will be widened at no distant day either by driving piles in the river bank and filling with stone or cutting the bank further back. The opening of this road avoiding the ascent and descent of Nose Hill by everyone coming to town via the backfoot trail, will be a great boon to the travelling public. The work done is to be inspected by James A. McMillan, D. L. S., before being accepted.

NOTICE TO DEBTORS

NOTICE is hereby given that I have placed all the accounts which now remain due to the late firm of Soules, York & Co., into the hands of Messrs. Lougheed & McCarthy, advocates, for collection, to whom alone the same are to be paid, and all parties are notified that if the amount of their indebtedness is not at once paid to the said Advocates, the same will be placed in suit. Dated at Calgary this thirty-first day of August, A. D. 1888. 213-18-dw A. YORK.

BULLS FOR SALE.

Pure bred galloway Bulls, yearlings and over 10 months old.

\$50.00 PER HEAD

delivered at Mosquito Creek. Come and see for yourselves or write to

W. E. COCHRANE,
Little Bow Cattle Co. Mosquito Creek

NOTICE is hereby given of the intention of the applicants hereinafter named, to the Lieutenant Governor of the Northwest Territories, under the Joint Stock Companies Ordinance, for the issue of letters patent to incorporate a Company to be known as THE TURF CLUB ASSOCIATION, (LIMITED). The object for which incorporation is sought is the promotion and encouragement of horse racing and the acquiring of such property, real and personal, as may be necessary for the purposes of a proper turf association. The chief place of business within the said Territories of the proposed Company will be the Town of Calgary. The proposed amount of capital stock is \$15,000.00. The number of shares is 150, and the amount of each share \$100.00. The names, addresses, and calling of the said applicants who are also to be the first or provisional directors of the Company are John Lineham, Calgary, Stock Dealer; J. K. Leeson, Contractor, Calgary; James Reilly, Calgary, Hotel Proprietor; the said parties all being residents of Canada.

Calgary, July 11th, 1888.
GEOFFREY MURDOCH,
Secy Alberta Turf Club Association,
LOUGHEED & MCCARTHY,
Advocates for Applicants.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Riding Hall at Regina, Assiniboia, for the Northwest Mounted Police," will be received at this office until Tuesday, 29th September, 1888, for the erection of works required in the erection of Riding Hall, Regina, Assiniboia, for the Northwest Mounted Police. Specifications and drawings can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa, and at the office of the Clerk of Works at Regina, on and after Saturday, 1st Sept, and tenders will not be considered unless made on the form supplied and signed with actual signatures of tenderers. An accepted bank cheque, payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, equal to five per cent of amount of tender, must accompany each tender. This cheque will be forfeited if the party declines the contract, or fails to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender. The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
A. GIBBIE,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, August 30th, 1888. 213-d w13

Agricultural Societies in the Northwest Territories.

IN order to give effect to the vote of the last Session of Parliament of \$10,000 in aid of Agricultural Societies in the Northwest Territories, the following apportionment and regulations have been decided:

1. An Agricultural Society having fifty members, each of whom shall have subscribed \$1 may receive from the above vote \$150 and \$5 for every additional subscriber of \$1 each, not exceeding eighty-three in all; or, for a subscription of \$83.33 the Society having membership as above would be entitled to receive \$250, which is the largest amount that will be paid from the vote to any one Society.
2. It is a condition of any payment under the preceding section that the Treasurer of any Agricultural Society shall be required to furnish, not later than the 15th September next, to the Minister of Agriculture, a statement showing:—
 - (a) the name of the Society and where located;
 - (b) The names of the several officers; and
 - (c) A copy of the list of the members of the Society, with the amount subscribed and paid, set opposite the name of each.
3. This statement must be certified, by a declaration made before a Justice of the Peace, that it is true and that the subscriptions have been paid.

By order of the Minister of Agriculture,
JOHN LOWE,
Deputy Minister of Agriculture,
Department of Agriculture,
Ottawa, 10th August, 1888. 51-8

NOTICE.

I HEREBY give notice that the agency of the following Fire Insurance Companies, viz.: The Phoenix of London, Eng.; The Phoenix of Brooklyn, The Western of Toronto, and British America of Toronto, which I have hitherto represented, has been transferred to Mr. W. T. Ramsay, and that he will in future transact the business of the agency of these companies in Calgary. A. J. JAMIESON,
Sept. 13, 88-223-5-dw

EXECUTORS' NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

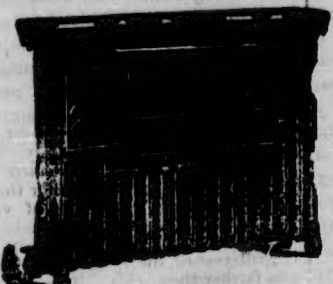
In the Matter of the Estate of Robert Ellis, late of the District of Alberta, in the Northwest Territories of Canada, Rancher, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all Creditors and other persons having claims or demands against the said Robert Ellis are to send to BLECKER & SMITH, Solicitors, Calgary, N.W.T., on or before the 30th day of September A.D. 1888, their Christian names, surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims, statement of accounts and nature of securities (if any) held by them, after which date the undersigned Executors, under the will of the said Robert Ellis, will distribute the assets of the said Testator among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which they then have notice, and the Executors will not be liable for the said Assets, or any part thereof, to any person of whose claim notice shall not have been received by them at the time of such distribution.

ELIZA ELLIS,
ALEX. ROBERTSON, Executors.
JAMES PRICE,

BLECKER & SMITH,
Solicitors for Executors.

Dated at Calgary, this 14th day of August A. D. 1888. 51-No 2



N. D. McDONALD & Co.

PIONEERS IN THE WEST

STEAM and HOT WATER

HEATING

Plumbing, Gas Fitting

All kinds of

Machinery Erected and Repaired

CALGARY AND WINNIPEG.

We have in stock the latest and most improved Water Closets, Cisterns and Copper Lined Bats, Kitchen Sinks, Pumps, Lead Pipe, Gas Fittings, Iron Pipe, Brass Fittings, Etc.,

We employ only first-class Mechanics and Mr. McDonald being a thoroughly practical man and giving every job his personal supervision every description of work in the above lines is finished in the best and most satisfactory manner.

Estimates Promptly Furnished.

All Orders for New Work or Repairs Promptly Attended to.

REFERENCES.

We have a list of a few of our customers whom you can refer to.

MANITOBA.

Hudson Bay Co., Wholesale and Retail Department Winnipeg; W. H. Adams manager; Hudson Bay Co. Mill, Winnipeg James Anderson manager; Hudson Bay Co., Northern Department, Winnipeg; Western Canada Loan & Savings Co., Winnipeg; W. M. Fisher Esq. manager; Manitoba College Winnipeg, Rev. Dr. King; Rev. Dr. King residence; W. B. Scarth M.P. Winnipeg; Chief Justice Taylor, Winnipeg; R. C. Church, St. Mary's, Winnipeg, Rev. Father Oullette; A. Bain Esq., Agent Provincial Asylum, Selkirk; Court House and Jail, Winnipeg, Pat. Lawler Esq., Governor; Court House and Jail, Brandon; W. H. Smith, Government Engineer, Winnipeg; E. & C. Gurney & Co. Winnipeg, J. Burd manager, Architects—C. O. Wickenden, A. T. Timewell & Sons, Geo. Brown Esq., besides many private dwellings etc in Winnipeg.

N. W. T.

Sanitarium, Banff; C. P. R. Hotel Banff, A share of your patronage solicited.
N. D. McDONALD & Co.
w1-19 d1perw Stephen Avenue Calgary.

LINTON BROS. BOOKSTORE.

Books, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Wall Hapers, Toys, Fishing Tackle, Musical Instruments, School Supplies,

Tobaccos, Cigars, Cigarettes, Pipes, etc.

Calgary, Indian and Mountain Photos. Papers, Magazines and Novels as issued. Mail orders solicited.

Sign of the Big Book,
Stephen Ave.

CALGARY, ALBERT.

S. A. RAMSAY

AGENT OF

PIANOS and ORGANS

Also the Celebrated Domestic and Standard Sewing Machines.

SOLD ON THE MONTHLY PAYMENT PLAN.

Full lines of all kinds of Machine Needles and Oils.

Repairing promptly attended to. Mail orders receive personal attention.

Massey Manfg. Company,

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1888

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Harvesting and Haying Machinery,

—DEALERS IN—

Waggons, Plows, Harrows, Garden and Field Drills, Cultivators, Fanning Mills, Buggies, Harness, Etc.

Customers can always depend upon getting repairs for any line of Goods we supply, as we keep a full stock of duplicate parts on hand.

OFFICE AND SAMPLE FROM: McTavish street near depot. WAREHOUSE on Railway siding South street.

JOSEPH MAW,

P.O. Box 136 Calgary Alberta.

MANAGER FOR ALBERTA

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STOCK SADDLES A SPECIALTY.

JUST TO HAND!

A car load of Patterson Brothers & Co's Celebrated

FARM MACHINERY!

Including Seed Drills, Mowers, Reapers, Iron Harrow Spring Tooth Harrows and the

Celebrat Bain Waggons

Farmers and others by giving me a call, getting my prices and examining my stock will be convinced that they can do no better than buy from me.

Wm. MALONEY,

CALGARY, ALBERTA

McTavish St. two doors east of the Hotel

T. W. SOULES & CO.

dealers in all Kinds of Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.

FISH AND GAME IN SEASON.

Meat Delivered to any Part of the City Free.

STEPHEN AVENUE, CALGARY.

European Steamship Ticket Office.

PREPAID TICKETS.

Those who wish to bring their friends out from the

OLD-COUNTRY

Need not send the money home for that purpose as we have completed arrangements with

ALL LINES

And can now furnish the tickets here for the passage out and thus save Time and Expense. You have simply to send us the amount required and give us names and addresses of those you wish to bring out and we will make out the tickets and forward them direct to your friends with all necessary facilities for travelling. Drafts issued on all principal cities for the use of passengers.

PETTIT & McKINELL, Herald Block

The Calgary Herald

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1888.



ALBERTA IS THE COUNTRY.

Calgary has won the first prize for the best exhibit of produce in competition with all the stations along the line of the Canadian Pacific from the Rocky Mountains to the boundary of Ontario.

It is the best news which has come over the wires to Calgary for many a day. The advantages we shall gain from this important success are incalculable.

It is only during the last three or four years that the people of Alberta have attempted crop raising, and that so early in its history an agricultural country its crop should have secured such a mark of triumph is as remarkable as it is encouraging. Alberta people themselves, have ventured upon the cultivation of oats, barley and wheat with fear and great trembling and the marvellous successes of the crops the past two years have caused them almost as much surprise as gratification. While our own population was so doubtful as to the capabilities of this country it was scarcely to be wondered at that the people of the other provinces shared in our misgiving; but it is also true that for selfish purposes the people to the east of us have grossly misrepresented Alberta. The splendid crops have now removed the doubts of our own people, and this magnificent victory for our exhibit of produce will establish the reputation of Alberta as an agricultural country in the eyes of the outside world.

If anything was needed to bring to the Government the conviction that Alberta is worth assisting as an agricultural country, this victory of a representative Alberta exhibit over those of the Assiniboia and Manitoba should supply the want. The Government can no longer deny our demands for an experimental farm and dairy on the ground that it is doubtful whether agricultural pursuits could be ever profitably engaged in, in Alberta. Our exhibit has proved that our farmers, even with their limited experience of the country can produce better crops than agriculturalists who have had the experience of more than a decade to guide them by. What success might not our crops attain if the full capabilities of the soil were thoroughly tested? What a splendid refutation, this is too, of the calumnies so industriously circulated about Alberta by the unscrupulous immigration agents of Manitoba. This is our innings, and if we did not whoop it up we might explode. Did you hear our rooster?

A FRANK AND INDEPENDENT MINISTER.

It is evident from the frank avowal of his opinions in his election address that Mr. Dewdney is going to carry into the cabinet with him that sturdy independence and perfect frankness which have contributed so materially to his popularity with the people of the Northwest. Mr. Dewdney was so thoroughly informed on the matters pertaining to the Department of the Interior, that the people of the Northwest were overwhelmingly desirous of his being entrusted with the portfolio made vacant by the death of the late Hon. Thomas White. They acknowledged that Mr. Dewdney's complete acquaintance with the details of the department eminently qualified him for the responsible position; but they recognized as a qualification equally important, his determination to carry out his own ideas, when his good sound judgment convinced him they were for the benefit of the country. The people have been suffering from a number of arbitrary enactments and from several minor errors of administration, unavoidable in the process of development of an immense new country such as this. The present government has continually shown its willingness to relieve the people of their burdens and to facilitate the development of the country, but has labored under the disadvantage of depending for information upon the conflicting reports of numerous officials.

The people have realized that a minister thoroughly informed upon all these points would be a great advantage, but they also knew that such a minister would be of comparatively little real service without he possessed the requisite independence and determination to carry out the reforms he knew to be necessary. They saw that Mr. Dewdney combined these qualifications and they unanimously endorsed his nomination.

By Mr. Dewdney's utterances, now that he is installed as Minister of the Interior, it is evident that they have not been disappointed, so far as their estimate of his independence went, at any rate. The only parties who appear to be at all disappointed at Mr. Dewdney's mainly expression of his sentiments are those Manitoba and Eastern gites, who opposed Mr. Dewdney while before his constituents, simply because he was a member of the liberal-conservative party, and who now manifest their annoyance because he has declared so emphatically for the reforms which public opinion, with such marked unanimity, demands. Read for instance the comments of the Winnipeg Free Press upon Mr. Dewdney's reference to the ballot system:—

"As this is the utterance not of a political adventurer, but of a responsible Minister of the Government, it no doubt means that Sir John and his friends have at last appreciated the powerful opposition to open voting throughout the country and have determined to put an end to it—now that Mr. Dewdney has been elected. So far as Mr. Dewdney's remarks are concerned, they are remarkable for the fact that they constitute a straight condemnation of the Government on two great questions, open voting, and the permit system. He also disapproves strongly of many features in its land policy. All this coming from a pronounced Government favorite is important. When courtiers complain, the misgovernment that provokes them must be rank indeed."

It is evidently impossible for the Free Press and other papers of that ilk to understand such a thing as independence in politics, as they appear to think that when a member of a party openly expresses his disapproval of a few details of the past policy of that party that the whole policy and the party which supported it are condemned. It must be the acceptance of the principle of passive submission to party that leads the Free Press to head its article on Mr. Dewdney's speech—"Mr. Dewdney Condemns the Government." Mr. Dewdney does nothing of the kind. The mere expression of disapproval of some details of administration does not imply a condemnation of the Government. Some of the very features of government which it is desired to do away with, were absolute necessities in their time; but their usefulness has now gone. Their removal now would not indicate that they should never have

been introduced. This is a progressive age, a progressive country; and thank goodness we have a progressive government. The progress demands a change of many existing conditions and Mr. Dewdney is the man to carry it out. That is the reason the people of the Northwest demanded that he should receive the appointment he now fills. He is independent and progressive and belongs to a government which is progressive and sanctions independence. The party which the Free Press represents tolerates neither independence nor progress.

WANTED A CITIZEN'S EXHIBITION COMMITTEE.

What can the citizens of Calgary do towards making the annual Autumn Exhibition of the Agricultural Society a success? This is a question which is well worthy of consideration. It interests the people of the town of Calgary, because the greater success the exhibition, the more profit will it be to the town. A successful exhibition means numerous exhibitors and crowds of visitors attracted by the excellence of the exhibition. Strangers cannot come to town without leaving money here, and the more strangers there are, the more money will there be left in circulation. The people of Calgary, consequently, are directly interested in making the exhibition as attractive as possible and it becomes them to consider in what way they can contribute to the attractiveness of the fair. The directors of the Agricultural Society, under whose management the exhibition is given, are necessarily mostly countrymen whose only object is to make the exhibition a success as an agricultural fair. If the event drew together, as it undoubtedly will, a fine collection of agricultural produce, they would consider their labour amply repaid; and they would be right. The government gives them money to encourage the farmers to enter their stock and produce for competition for the purpose of comparing the results of various methods etc., and if they induce the farmers to exhibit they do their duty. The interest of the people of Calgary goes far beyond this. It is to their interest as well as to the interest of agriculture in the country that the exhibit itself should be as complete as possible; but it is from the attendance of visitors in the town at fair time that the people of Calgary can expect direct, immediate benefit. It is evident then that if the people of Calgary can do anything to attract more visitors than would otherwise come that they would be doing a profitable work for themselves, and it is time they were considering what is best to be done. The scheme which appears to recommend itself is the organization of a citizen's committee to co-operate with the Agricultural Society in providing extra attractions for exhibition time. Several attractions suggest themselves, such as athletic sports, prizes for speed and other competitions, display of fireworks, etc., etc. The charge has been made against the management of the Toronto Exhibition that the great fair is more of a circus than an exhibition. It is true that such is to a great extent the case, but it is the features of the circus nature that attract the crowds to the exhibition and make it the great fair of Ontario. It should be the aim of the people of Calgary to make the local exhibition the great fair of the Territories, and they cannot do better than follow Toronto's example and provide outside attractions for the people. The money could be easily raised by public subscription, if a good committee was appointed. How would it do for the Mayor to call a public meeting to discuss the matter?

A PECULIAR EXAMINATION PAPER.

At the last examination for teachers' certificates most of the candidates must have struck a snag in the paper on English literature; and no disgrace to them if they did. It was particularly specified in the curriculum that this paper was to be upon Sir Walter Scott's "Lady of the Lake." Imagine then the quandary of the candidates who had devoted time and trouble to mastering the subtleties of the Scottish bard's most musical cantos when the paper being laid before them for solution, was found to contain but one question upon the Lady of the Lake. How would this do for a parallel case to the one so often quoted:—Hamlet with the Prince of Denmark left out? It is certainly just about as sensible, and is manifestly unfair, moreover, to the candidates. When the remarkable character of this paper is considered it would not cause much surprise to learn that every candidate who attempted the examination failed. At any rate one promising young lady who presented herself for the examination has come to grief over this absurd paper. Miss Andrews, the winner of the Lineham gold medal and of Mr. Kennedy's prize has received a notification that she failed to obtain her certificate, and the tabulated statement of marks enclosed, shows that it was the paper on literature alone which plucked her. Her marks in all other subjects were excellent, but on this catchy paper on literature she only obtained 36 out of a possible 150 marks, and small wonder,

In spite of this great reduction of her standard she obtained 824 marks in the whole examination, within 6 of the number required to secure the certificate. It is anything but generous treatment to pluck a candidate who came so near to the standard, especially when the peculiar unfairness of the literature paper is considered. There must have been some oversight on the part of those who prepared this paper and the candidates should not be compelled to suffer the consequences of the mistakes of the examiners.

While discussing this question of school teachers' certificates, a matter which forces itself upon the attention is the reluctance of young people to compete for third class certificates. It is very difficult indeed, to understand the motives which influence intending teachers against trying for the lowest grade of certificate first. The three years trial which the third class certificate allows the young teachers would show conclusively what instructional ability they possess and save many a one from a life wasted in disappointment.

RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENT.

The people of Montana and the other Territories across the line are complaining grievously of the refusal of the administration to accord them the constitutions and privileges of full fledged states. Until the Territories are admitted to the Union as States their people have no voice in the administration of the country, being treated as minors, exactly as are the Indians, whom they are so rapidly crowding out. This grievance is deemed of so much importance that Governor Harrison the Republican candidate for the Presidency found room to refer to it at some length in his very much condensed letter of acceptance of the nomination. This is how he expressed himself:—

"The territorial form of government is a temporary expedient, not a permanent civic institution. It is adapted to the exigency that suggested it, but becomes inadequate and even oppressive when applied to fixed and populous communities. Several territories are well able to bear the burdens and discharge the duties of free commonwealths in the American Union. To exclude them is to deny the just rights of their people and may well excite their indignation. No question of the political preference of the people of a territory should close against them the hospitable door which has opened to two-thirds of the existing states. But admission should be resolutely refused to any territory, a majority of whose people cherish institutions that are repugnant to our civil tradition or inconsistent with a republican form of government."

The Northwest Territories have certainly been much more generously treated by the Dominion Government than have the U.S. Territories by the administration at Washington. We have had for several years four members in the House of Commons and now have a measure of self government so far as domestic affairs are concerned. The Dominion government has certainly set the Washington one a good example in this matter; but it should not stop until the Northwest is accorded the full constitution and privileges of a province. The people of the Territories will not consider themselves fairly treated until they have a full measure of responsible government. There is one great advantage we have over the American Territories. Their government has always treated them in a shockingly niggardly way as regards responsible government while ours has all along manifested its wish to give us as much responsible government as the country can stand. If the new legislature settles down to business in the proper way and expresses the unanimous wish of the people for responsible government we shall not have to wait many months before having it accorded to us.

PROHIBITION'S FAILURE.

The Northwest is not the only part of the world where prohibitory legislation has been a complete failure. Telegrams from the East announce that A. J. Horan, of the Department of Justice, has returned from Portland, Maine, whither he was sent by the Dept. of Justice to report upon the working of the Maine prohibitory liquor law. Horan reports that prohibitory legislation is a complete failure, it being found as difficult to enforce it in Maine as to carry into effect the provisions of the second part of the Canadian Temperance act. A Manitoba contemporary discussing the impracticability of prohibitory legislation, recently remarked:—

"The Rapid City Spectator, discussing the liquor question says: 'To those who lived in this town previous to the extension of the boundaries of the province, and while yet there was absolute prohibition west of range thirteen, we need scarcely recall the amount of vile stuff which was consumed and the excessive drunkenness which frequently prevailed.' There are many travellers who passed through Rapid City as well as other towns in the west before licence was granted who can confirm this, and who, if asked, would say that there are scores of people who have swallowed liquor drawn on the sly from some other person's keg, who would never have touched a drop had it been obtainable by legitimate purchase."

And yet in spite of the most conclusive evidence of the complete failure of prohibitory legislation wherever it has been tried, the tea-total people of Manitoba, of Nord-Acadie and of other equally famous and flourishing hamlets in Ontario and Quebec meet in solemn convocations and insist upon the continuance in

force of our beautiful prohibitory law, whether the people of the Northwest want it or not. Was greater impertinence ever heard of?

OUR MINISTER.

Eastern Assiniboia has done nobly. The sister territory has staunchly resisted the efforts of prejudiced eastern agitators to force her into a needless electoral contest, and sends the chosen representative of the Northwest in the Dominion Cabinet, to Ottawa backed by the unanimous vote of his constituency. The value of this unanimous expression of confidence can only be appreciated by those who have had parliamentary experience and have seen how materially the influence of a minister of the crown is weakened by having had to fight an electoral campaign to secure his seat in parliament. Alberta owes a debt of gratitude to Eastern Assiniboia for having done its duty to the whole of the Northwest so nobly. The Herald extends its sincere congratulations to Mr. Dewdney, to Eastern Assiniboia and to the whole Northwest. Now that we have a representative in the cabinet, and he the man of all others the people wished to occupy the position, we shall look with confidence to the speedy removal of the causes of existing reasonable complaints. Mr. Dewdney has an arduous and responsible position to fill; but the people have every confidence in him. He enters upon his duties with their best wishes, and can depend upon their support so long as he continues to exercise that sound judgment, strict impartiality and enthusiastic devotion to the country, in the discharge of his public duties, which characterized his administration as Lieutenant Governor. The Northwest expects great things from him and will not bear disappointment. There is not much fear of its being called upon to do so.

WANTED A NORTHWEST FOREB.

The Herald has several times urged the establishment of a weather bureau for the purpose of giving forecasts of the weather throughout the prairie region. The meteorological service now maintained by the Dominion Government has observation stations at Calgary and elsewhere throughout the Territories; but the data secured from these are used merely to prepare forecasts for Eastern Canada. The Toronto Word recently had an editorial on the subject, saying:—

"The weather at this season of the year is of such vital importance in our northwestern country that it is watched carefully by the whole continent. The greatest interest is felt in the preservation of the wheat-wealth of the rolling prairies, and every morning the columns of the newspapers are eagerly scanned for news of the weather in Manitoba and the Northwest. When, therefore, there is so much anxiety, it should not be that for the meagre information of the weather and the probabilities we receive we should be altogether indebted to the Washington government or to unreliable private enterprise. This is a matter ready to hand for the new Minister of the Interior for immediate attention." That a twenty-four hours forecast of the weather would be a very great advantage to the Northwest there can be no doubt.

A PAYING INVESTMENT.

Business men with characteristic shrewdness are looking forward with hope to a rich harvest at exhibition time. They expect that the exhibition will attract a great many people to town and that they will spend money while here. People cannot come to town for a day without spending money, and consequently any efforts made, or money spent, to increase the number of visitors would be money and labor well spent. The exhibition, in view of the fact that the exhibits promise to be exceptionally numerous and fine, will undoubtedly attract a large number of people to Calgary, but a few additional attractions at the same time would greatly increase their number. By all means then let provide additional attractions even if for this year they are not on a very extensive scale. There should be no difficulty in raising a few hundred dollars, as the money expended would be a paying investment, bringing in an immediate return.

IT DESERVES ASSISTANCE.

The Agricultural Society deserves assistance in carrying out its exhibition. The directors of this body have spared neither time nor labor in making a fair a complete success as an exhibit and the town of Calgary will be greatly benefited. The society is doing a great work for the adjoining country, and the town depends upon the country for an additional reason why the citizens of Calgary should assist the Agricultural Society.

PARDON OUR BLUSHES.

The Winnipeg Commercial is good enough to remark:—"The Calgary Herald lately appeared printed in red ink the object being to celebrate its birthday. The Herald is a good son of western enterprise, and it never pined to better advantage than it does under its present management."

ALL SORTS OF THINGS.

The exhibition is bound to be attractive now. The invaluable sympathy of the ladies has been enlisted in its behalf.

In the rejoicings over the capture by the Calgary exhibit of the first prize offered by the Canadian Pacific, we must not forget the thanks due the Agricultural Society for getting the exhibit together. Mr. Rowe, Mr. Fitzgerald and the rest did nobly.

It is now understood that the first session of the Northwest Legislature will take place in the end of October. Wonder how many of the people's representatives are seriously preparing for their sessional duties. The people expect a great deal of them and they cannot begin the preparation of their thunder too soon.

Manotick has spoken. We are solemnly informed by despatches that. "A big temperance demonstration was held at Manotick. It was very enthusiastic. Northwest beer permits were denounced in a resolution which was carried unanimously." Very kind and thoughtful of Manotick to thus relieve us of all responsibility of dealing with our own affairs. Where in the world though is Manotick

At a political congress at Bradford, the great Yorkshire manufacturing town, recently, Mr. Shipton who presided, bitterly denounced the theory of buying in the cheapest market irrespective of the consequence to workmen. "If," said he "the absolute unconditional cheapness is right, then we may as well import Chinese labor and encourage the sweating system."

The Northwest legislature is expected to meet about the end of October and considerable conjecture is being indulged in as to the probable composition of the advisory board. The names mentioned in this connection are Sutherland and Secord for East and West Assiniboia; Haultain, for Alberta, Betts for Saskatchewan. Tweed's name is also mentioned for Assiniboia west. This appears to be a pretty good selection.

It is reported from the East that Hon. John Carling, the Minister of Agriculture intends visiting the Northwest this Autumn. Would it not be a good plan for the Mayor or President of the Agricultural Society to invite the honorable gentleman to come to Calgary during Fair time? If he saw the display of Alberta produce that will then be brought together, he would at once be convinced that there is a grand future before her as an agricultural country, and we should not have long to wait for our much needed experimental farm and model dairies.

A month or two ago the Governor General received a despatch from the Imperial Government asking information respecting the working of temperance legislation in the Dominion. The matter was referred to the Department of Justice and the local governments were asked to furnish reports on the subject. These have now all been received and a report will be forwarded at an early date to the British Government. What a shock the nerves of the compulsory prohibitionists will receive when the report of the ruinous effects of prohibition in the Northwest is made public!

A few days ago at Columbus Ohio, the centennial of the opening of the American Northwest was celebrated. It is scarcely six years ago now since the Canadian Northwest was really opened up to settlement. Would those billious critics (generally lazy nonentities who expect this country to make them rich without their exercising any energy,) who claim that Alberta should equal Dakota and Colorado so far as development is concerned, kindly take note of this. Calgary is only four years old yet, and who is there who can say that Calgary will not surpass Grand Forks or Denver in twenty five years' time? We have the country and will soon have the capital and population.

The people of Eastern Canada are apparently becoming gradually educated up to an appreciation of Mr. Dewdney's good qualities.—The Toronto World of a recent date remarked:—

"The devil is not as black as he is painted nor is ex-Governor Dewdney apparently. He is before the electors of East Assiniboia and nomination day is on the 12th inst, but his unpopularity has not evoked itself in an opposition candidate. The liberal press has pegged away at Dewdney until there is hardly one of them in Ontario but has no impression that when he goes out of his fortified castle he requires a body-guard to protect him from the fury of the people up there." Wait until the Northwest's minister has lived in the east a few weeks! His indefatigable appreciation to his public duties, his sound judgment and his geniality will soon knock his relentless grit traducers out of time.

THINGS WORTH KNOWING.

It appears from the Times that in July last England imported:—

16,875,712 lbs of butter.
8,233,064 lbs of margarine.
37,244,352 lbs of cheese.
102 millions of eggs.
Of this Canada supplied only 17,189,312 pounds of cheese.

What is there to hinder Alberta from filling the whole bill?

President Cleveland estimates the value of Canadian goods carried in bond through the United States at \$45,000,000 annually. With retaliation, unless importers choose to pay double duty, this will have to be carried by Canadian railway and be shipped and loaded at Canadian ports to the great profit of Canada and loss of the States. So much for the harm of retaliation to Canada. Mr. Blaine complains that President Cleveland by his retaliation scheme will shut out the annual transit over American lines of \$50,000,000 worth of Canadian goods and asks why should Detroit, Buffalo and New York be deprived of the profit of handling these goods? Why indeed? Are not all the profits in Canadian fish and freight by right divine the property of the great U. S. A.?

The dutiable goods annually imported into Canada from the United States of America amount to \$80,000,000. On this a duty of \$6,750,000 is paid. With commercial Union this sum would have to be raised in some other way, either by direct taxation or by an increase in the duties on goods imported from other countries. If by an increased duty against other countries, then the manufacturers will raise their prices to the full extent of that increase and the farmers and other consumers will pay the sum twice over, once in the increased duty and once in the increased price of the goods.

Canada annually exports to other countries through the United States about \$14,000,000 worth of goods. Would it not be better to do so direct?

PHONO.

TERRITORIAL.

LIEUT.-GOVERNOR ROYAL.

Is Presented with an Address by the Territorial Board of Education—His Honor's Reply.

REGINA, 14.—The Board of Education for the Northwest Territories concluded their three days labors here yesterday, when the following address was presented to His Honor Lieut.-Governor Royal:—
To the Hon. Joseph Royal, L.L.D., Lieutenant-Governor of the N. W. Territories.
May it please Your Honor.

"We, the members of the Board of Education of the Northwest Territories, beg leave to congratulate you on your appointment to the position of Lieut.-Governor of these Territories.

Your long acquaintance with, and residence in the Province of Manitoba, where the requirements and conditions of the people are very similar to those of the people here, the fact that you have been associated with the local government of that province and have been a representative of one of its constituencies, both in the Parliament of the Dominion and in the Local Legislature, would seem to afford a guarantee of your fitness for the high and responsible position to which you have been appointed, and lead us to the belief that your administration will be in the interests of the people and the country at large.

We remember that you took a prominent part in promoting the educational interests of Manitoba, when that province was in its infancy, and that in later years you assisted in the organization of the University of Manitoba and were for several years its Vice-Chancellor.

These facts lead us to believe that in you the educational interests of these Territories will find a sympathetic and experienced friend.

We trust that both yourself and Madame Royal will find your residence here and your association with the people of the Northwest pleasant and agreeable, and wishing you and her, not only during your residence here, but always, all happiness.

We have the honor to be,

Your Honor,

Your Honor's most obed't, servants,

CHAS. B. BOULEAU.
(Acting chairman.)

E. L. WETMORE.

ANDREW A. BAIRD.

JOHN SECORD, M. L. A.

H. LEDUC.

JOHN MCLEAN.

A. E. FORGET.

JAS. BROWN,
Secretary.

HIS HONOR'S REPLY.

Gentlemen of the Board of Education. Accept my most sincere thanks for this very kind address, conveying as it does, the sentiments of one of the most important bodies in the Territories.

The law entrusts you with the great and responsible duty of educating the future generation of this vast country. If

our children are taught to love God and their country, to revere their family ties, and if the basis of a sound elementary education is placed within easy reach of every family, then there is a bright hope for the future of this portion of Canada.

We have a fertile soil, our climate is healthy, we enjoy free institutions, and there is no reason why, if the sacred cause of education is jealously guarded in our midst, and the Northwest branch of our great Canadian family should not be mentally and materially as strong as the eastern.

You have reason to expect that on account of the deep and constant interest I have taken in promoting the educational system in Manitoba from the infancy of the province, I will watch with an increasing zeal the development of the system which you are now engaged in providing for these Territories.

Being fully alive to the vital importance of establishing a most liberal and sound organization for the elementary schools in the Northwest, the Dominion Government have made ample provision for their encouragement and maintenance and it is very satisfactory to know that the number of our schools is largely on the increase.

I hope I need not tell you, gentlemen, that you will at all times find me ready to co-operate with you heartily in promoting educational interest throughout the Territories.

I again thank you most sincerely for your kind wishes for myself and Mrs. Royal, and I have no doubt whatever that our residence amongst you will prove pleasant, agreeable and happy.

EDUCATION'S PROGRESS.

The Number of Schools, Teachers and Pupils in the Public Schools Rapidly Increasing.

A glance through the statistical report laid before the Board of Education this week by the Secretary, shows encouraging progress in educational matters in the Territories during the year.

In 1887 the number of teachers holding Northwest Certificates was nine First Class, twenty Second Class, twenty third class and 45 Provisional. There are now sixteen First Class, thirty six Second Class, forty three Third Class, and only twenty four Provisional.

A recapitulation of the detailed reports from the schools gives the following:

	PROTESTANT.		
	1887.	1888.	Increase.
Schools.....	90	108	18
Teachers.....	96	119	33
Pupils.....	2425	2904	319

ROMAN CATHOLIC.		1887.	1888.
Schools.....		21	23
Teachers.....		29	31
Pupils.....		718	649
Increase of two schools and two teachers, decrease of seventy pupils.			

Increase of two schools and two teachers, decrease of seventy pupils.

We consider it a great mistake that in the establishing of a school system in the Northwest separate schools have been allowed and hope in the near future to see this replaced by a non-sectarian school system. We will revert to this matter again.

The eight schools having the largest attendance of pupils are: Regina, 186, Calgary, 177, Moosomin, 150, Moose Jaw, 95, Medicine Hat, 88, Lethbridge, 84, Qu'Appelle Station, 78, Prince Albert, 77.—Regina Journal.

Most Obnoxious.

BROADVIEW, 13.—Mr. Dewdney, after the announcement of his election made a telling speech. With regard to the matter of second homesteads he said he believed it was a pity that the system was ever inaugurated and he was convinced that we should yet find some means by which those lands held as first homesteads and now lying uncultivated, could be forced into the market and be occupied by bona fide settlers. If this could be done all the centres of population which depend on the outside districts would suffer materially. With reference to the prohibitory liquor law Mr. Dewdney said, that though a temperate man himself he had the administration of the permit system some seven or eight years and had come to the conclusion, not to-day but many years ago, that the prohibitory liquor law as at present in force in the Territories was a most obnoxious one. There were good reasons for its inauguration and it had done its work well up to a certain time, but he was convinced that time had come when some change should be made. He did not care which change should be made; no change could be worse than the permit system. So long as the sense of the community in general was against it it was impossible to carry out the law. In his place in the house he would always be ready to assist in any legislation which would keep our country temperate, that he did not believe in any law which prevented a man getting the same privileges which he could get 50 miles east of him. Regarding the ballot subject which has been brought to his notice during the canvass the minister stated that he was in the House of Commons when the ballot was first introduced and had voted for it, and when it was brought before the House again in connection with the Northwest he was prepared to support it again.

Notes from Regina.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

REGINA, Sept. 13.—The event of Tuesday was Miss Royal's reception at Government House. Between 4 and 6 o'clock the thoroughfares between the capital and the gubernatorial residence were gay with visitors, some riding, some walking, and all anxious to heartily welcome the Royal family through a warm squeeze of the lovely hand of Miss Emma Royal. With Miss Royal looked beautiful in the most charming of costumes and her kindly smiles and queenly grace won the best opinion of the crowd of visitors. The Call's regular correspondent, I noticed, was the first caller. On Madame Royal's arrival another reception will be held. The Lieutenant-Governor leaves to-morrow night for Montreal with Madame Charbonneau who is to be married shortly. His Honor on this flying visit (for he will be absent only a week) will likely call on Sir John at Ottawa.

The Masonic dinner at the Windsor Hotel on Tuesday night was a happy affair.

The red man as the disciple of Ceres is garnering in the grain and winning golden opinions for himself as a farmer. Mr. Henry Fisher of Rayswater Farm speaks of the Indians, in his present employment, as very good workers.

I notice Mr. Lucas of Calgary one of our welcome visitors. What between taking in the town and accepting numerous invitations to dine out, he has a busy time of it. He says there is a splendid harvest in the Calgary District, and the prospects of his town never looked better.

There is general rejoicing at Mr. Dewdney's election (by acclamation) for Eastern Assiniboia.

Mr. McGillivray, of the Indian Department, will shortly be the recipient of a handsome presentation and address from the Indian office officials with whom he has toiled for years. His departure for Ottawa as private secretary to the superintendent general of Indian affairs is much regretted by the people of Regina by whom he is universally respected.

The Minister of the Interior leaves for Ottawa on the 16th instant.

The "four per cent" though rather weak is being largely consumed in the Territories. Those who say that the Territories don't want beer would be surprised to see thousands of gallons daily leaving Winnipeg for the Northwest. A regular license system is expected by the saloon keepers, but 'tis hard to say how things will turn out in this respect. If the voting for license or prohibition takes place by electoral districts, Western Assiniboia will vote license, Eastern Assiniboia will go prohibition, Alberta and other districts will, it is believed, try the license system.

Edmonton News.

Several farmers in this vicinity who sowed black or hullless barley this year are highly pleased with the experiment. It ripens in from a week to two weeks less time than common barley, weighs more pounds to the bushel, yields more bushels to the acre and is superior for feeding purposes.

The destruction of Beaver is reported to be general in the Lesser Slave Lake region, on the smaller streams, but not on the larger rivers. One Indian hunter who generally brings in 100 skins from his spring hunt, this spring brought in only a single skin and nearly starved to death. The cause is a puzzle. If it were disease it is strange that it has not affected the animals on the larger rivers, and if it were starvation it is strange that all the dead beavers found are very fat.

Geo. Elmore, of Elmore Bros., who has just returned from a trip to Fort Smith on Great Slave river and who had several trading posts in the region between the Athabasca and Great Slave lakes last winter says that there are no reports of destruction of the beaver in that country, as in the region immediately north of Edmonton. There was a small killing of beaver this spring, however, owing to the very high water which prevented the Indians from making their usual spring hunt. But he thinks the small catch this year, by giving the animals a chance to accumulate, will ensure a larger catch next spring than usual, so that the opening of the rivers did not at once bring them relief from the starvation that they suffered last winter and further tended to make their spring hunt light.—The Bulletin.

THE RANCH.

Still another large sale of cattle from Alberta. The eastern buyers now here have just purchased 255 head of steers from the Alexander Ranch company. They will be shipped from Medicine Hat about the first of next month.

It would be advisable for those travelling by the Edmonton trail to keep in their dogs in passing the Rosebud Range as any caught worrying or chasing any sheep on the said range will be shot immediately.

Every exhibitor of horses at our fair, and especially those who show stallions, should have cards containing the owners name and address, and pedigree or breeding of the horses shown. Spectators do not like to ask so many questions, yet all who are interested enough to look at the

stock exhibited generally want to know something about it. A little money spent in this kind of advertising will be well invested.

Last Ripeness.

At Liverpool the "Montreal" landed on Tuesday 476 head of cattle and 253 sheep. Among the animals by this steamer were some 300 Northwest rancho cattle, the consignment of the season from that district. They were despatched from a ranching ground about 140 miles south of Calgary, and performed the journey to Montreal in six and a half days, running time. The excellent accommodation afforded by the C.P.R. enabled them to stand the transit very well without loss of condition. A Liverpool correspondent who has had an opportunity of seeing them, says that while they are a tolerably good bunch of cattle, they appear to have been sent out too early, exhibiting a palpable lack of ripeness which must tell against their sale. Arrangements have been made to land them in the lairs usually assigned to St. G. cattle, so that any danger apprehended from their semi wild character is averted. —Canadian Gazette Aug. 30.

Another Opinion of the Alberta Cattle.

The Liverpool correspondent of the Montreal Gazette writes:—"With regard to the ranch cattle which landed here ex Montreal, I regret to say they did not come up to the expectations formed regarding them. While admitting very fully the wasting effect a prolonged journey by land and sea must have upon cattle, I cannot say that this consignment is equal to the first shipment of last year—which, by the way, was nearly two months later—nor do I think the selection has been made with the same regard to requirements here. Handled in the American lairs they, of course, had to be slaughtered within the regulation ten days, and to a certain extent suffered by comparison with the States cattle; they also suffered a slight depreciation in prices, consequent upon the accession of an extra supply. The same objection is heard again as to the high color of the beef, but I had not heard any serious complaint as to quality. If, as is commonly reported here, the numbers to be shipped exceed 3,000, it is to be hoped those to follow will show better on arrival, otherwise, judging the stock from the sample, I fear the transaction will not be very satisfactory for the enterprising shippers. As to those cattle being bought for store purposes there is but a very meagre hope; in fact I don't consider them suitable at all, and those ranchmen who flatter themselves with such an idea, must have been badly informed on the subject.

THE MINE.

THEY HAVE COME TO STAY.

Active Mining Operations near Field. Mr. Peter McCarthy has just returned to town from a trip to the mining district in the neighborhood of Field. He reports mining operations as being rapidly pushed forward and the outlook for this industry as very promising. The companies represented by Mr. De Wolf are particularly active and complete arrangements for operating these extensive mines are being made. Thirty men are now actively engaged building a tramway and opening up trails to the Monarch mines, and everything that will tend to the profitable development of the mines is being done. A fact which particularly impressed itself upon Mr. McCarthy's mind was the perfect confidence of the engineers in charge in the complete success of mining operations in the district. There is nothing superficial about the building, or any of the works, the best proof possible that those who have got hold of these mines have come to stay. At Tunnel Mountain, the point on the railway nearest the mines, a siding has been built for the accommodation of the mines. Mr. McCarthy is very sanguine as to the future of Tunnel Mountain. The location is a splendid one. He has been there twice before, and has on each occasion been well pleased with it. The actual work of opening up the mines has proved very satisfactory. From solid galena they have now got gray carbonates and the vein has proved to be exceptionally rich. The ore will be sent for reduction to the Vancouver smelter. Speaking of the future of the town Mr. McCarthy says he remembers the time when Calgary was not so large as Tunnel Mountain, and he sees no reason why the new town in the Mountains should not advance with equally rapid strides as Calgary.

Rocky Mountain Mines.

Development work and ore extraction at the great Monarch mine three miles from Field, is progressing favorably under the management of Superintendent Davis. The C. P. R. has put in a side track to the ground, and all the company's material for tramway is delivered. Eight men are at work extracting ore for shipment, and 25 employed at outside work, such as grading for the tramways, ore bins, etc. Ore shipments to the company's works at Vancouver will begin by October 1st. This company can justly claim the honor of being the first concern in British Columbia to go to work systematically and on a large scale to develop the mineral resources of the province.

On Jubilee Mountain, work on the consolidated shaft is being pushed night and day. Charley law, one of the claim owners interested has gone to Toronto to make arrangements for prospecting the mountain on a large scale. There is a big body of ore in Jubilee, and the boys, to be rewarded for their perseverance should strike it.—Donald Truth.

OVER THE BORDER.

By WALTER BESANT.

"Not the old way, cousin," replied Ralph with a nod. He then helped him self to about a pint or so of the good old October, and began, his appetite sharpened by exercise, to make the best of his appearance in large quantities. Matthew looked on, saying nothing. The silence terrified his sister. What did it mean? And she perceived, for the first time, that their ward had ceased to be a boy, and must henceforth be treated as a man. It was a fearful thought. She shut her lips and sat back with folded hands, waiting the issue.

In course of time even a hungry boy of 17 has had enough. Ralph lifted his head at last, took another prolonged pull at the beer, and told Barbara, politely, that he had enjoyed a good dinner.

Then he turned to his cousin and addressed him with a certain solemnity.

"Cousin," he said, "you have always hated me, because my uncle left the mill to me instead of to yourself. Yet you knew from the beginning that his design was for me to have it. I have done you no wrong. You have never lost any opportunity of abusing me before my face and behind my back. You became, unhappily for me, my guardian. You have never neglected any chance of flogging and beating me, if you could find a cause. As regards the ghost business, I was wrong. I deserved punishment, but was it the province of a cousin and a guardian to go and lay information before the justice of the peace? I shall be 17 come next month. In four years this mill and the farm will be mine own. But if I remain with you here I can expect nothing but hatred and ill treatment as far as you dare. You have given me plowboy's work without a plowboy's wage, and often without a plowboy's food. As for flogging that is finished, because I think you have no more stomach for another fight."

Matthew made no reply whatever, but sat with his head upon his hands, breathing heavily.

"I am tired of ill treatment," Ralph went on, "and I shall go away."

"Whither, boy?" asked Barbara.

"I know not yet. I go to seek my fortune."

"Go, if you will," said Matthew; "go, is the devil's name, go, whither you are bound to go; long before four years are over you will be hanging in chains."

Ralph laughed and took up his bundle. "Farewell, Prudence," he said; "thou wast ever kind to me."

The woman threw her arms about his neck and kissed him with tears, and prayed that the Lord might bless him. And as he walked forth from the house the voice of Barbara followed him, saying:

"A whip for the horse, a bridle for the ass, and a rod for the fool's back."

The fugleman was sitting in the sun before his door in the castle, smoking a pipe and inclined to be drowsy, when Ralph appeared with his startling news.

As regards the flogging the old soldier made light of it. Nothing can be done in the army without the cat. Had not he himself once received 100 all by a mistake because they were meant for another man, who escaped? Did he therefore bear malice against his commanding officer? No. But the villainy of Matthew, first to lay information and then to make an excuse for a flogging, just for pleasure and to gratify his own selfish desire to be continually flogging why that justified the mutiny. As for the details of the fight, he deemed severely the inexperience in strategy shown by first knocking down the enemy. He should have expected better things of Ralph, whose true policy would have been to have killed and maimed his adversary by felling bridges and unexpected ambushes. There did not only have fatigued him, but considering his shortness of breath would have worn him out, so that at the end he would have fallen an easy prey, and been edged out without resistance, and there was not a sound place left. Because it would have made the fight more interesting considered as a work of art.

However, doubtless the next time—but then he remembered that the boy was going away.

"To seek my fortune, fugleman?" Ralph said gayly. "Look after Drury for me, while I am away."

"Ay, ay," the fugleman replied, "we shall come to no harm. And as for me, Master Ralph?"

"I've got a guinea," he replied, "which my uncle gave me three years ago."

"A guinea won't go far," said Master Ralph. He went into his room and came back with a stocking in his hand. "Here it is, I've got it. It is twenty guineas. Take it all, I shall do very well. Farewell, what with the rascals and the plowboys."

"Nay," said Ralph, "I will not take your savings neither."

But presently, being pressed, he consented to take ten guineas on the understanding that when he came back his fortune made the fugleman was to receive twenty. And then they parted with a mighty hand shake.

Half way down the street Ralph passed sailor Nan, who was sitting on a great stone beside her door, smoking her short black pipe.

"Whither bound, my lad?" she asked.

"I am bound to London," he replied. "I am off to seek my fortune."

"Come here, I will read thy fortune."

Like most old women, Nan could read a lad's fortune in the lines of his hand, or by the cards, or by the peeling of an apple.

"A good cruise," she said, "with fair wind aft and good weather for the most part. But storms belie on leaving port. There's a villain, and fighting, and foreign

parts, and gold, and a good wife. Go thy ways, lad. Art no poor, poor faced swab to fear fair fighting. Go thy ways. Take and give. Trust not too many. And stand by all old shipmates. Go thy ways." He laughed and left her. Yet he was cheered by her kindly prophecy.

He crossed the old bridge and presently found himself outside the green pallings of Dame Hetherington's house. The girl who had joined him in church was in the garden. He whistled and she came running.

"I am come to say good-by, Drusy," he said. "I am running away."

"Oh, Ralph, whither? And you have a cruel blow upon your face."

"I have fought Matthew," he said, "and I have beaten him. This scar upon my face is nothing compared with the scars over his. I believe he is one large bruise. But I can no longer endure his ill treatment and Barbara's continual reproaches. Therefore I am resolved to remain no longer but shall go to London, there to seek my fortune as thy father did, Drusy."

They talked for half an hour, she trying to persuade him to stay, and he resolved to go. Then he went with her into the house, where he must needs tell all the story to Dame Hetherington, who scolded him, and bade him get home again and make submission, but he would not.

Then Drusy remembered that her father would gladly aid any lad from Northumberland, and sat down and wrote a letter very quickly, being dexterous with her pen, and gave it to Ralph to carry.

"You will find him," she said, "at the sign of the Leg and Star in Cheapside. Forget not that address. Stay, I will write it outside the letter. Give it him with my respect and obedience. Oh, Ralph, shall you be long before you have found your fortune and are back to us?"

Nay, said Ralph. I know not what may be my fortune. I go to find it, like many a lad of old.

Then, after many fond farewells, Ralph kissed her and trudged away manfully, while Drusy leaned her head over the garden gate and wept and sobbed, and could not be consoled.

CHAPTER III.

HOW RALPH SOUGHT FORTUNE.

A young man's walk from Warkworth all the way to London cannot fail to be full of interest and adventure.

There were waggoners to talk with, friendly hawkers, whom the people call muggers, and faws, or tinkers, who are too often robbers and pilferers, also farmers, their wives and daughters, cattle drovers, carriers, honest sailors, who would scorn to rob upon the highway, on their way to join ship, and pleasant little country towns every eight or ten miles, where one could rest and talk, and drink a tankard of cool small beer. Then, as it was early summer, when there are fairs going on in many places, the roads in some parts were full of the caravans and the show people, whom Ralph found not only a curious and interesting folk, but also friendly and inclined to conversation with a stranger who was not a rival, who was ready to offer a tankard, who admitted without stint or envy the precious things they had to show, and who watched with delight unbounded and belief profound, the curious tricks, artifice and accomplishments by which they secured a precarious livelihood. Ralph walked with them along the road, and heard their stories. He also learned some of the strange language in which they talk to each other when minded not to be understood by the bystanders.

When they came to their destination and set up their canvas booths he stayed, too, and enjoyed the fun of the fair. There were lotteries also, you could put in and draw everywhere all day long there were prizes of silver and prizes of gold. He put in sometimes he won but often he lost, which is generally the way with sportsmen and those who wait upon the Goddess of Chance. At this Capital of Pleasures, which was then and is still, called Grantham, Ralph had well nigh taken a step which would have made his story much less interesting to us, though perhaps fuller of incident. For he made acquaintance—being a youth of innocent heart and apt to believe in the honesty and virtue of every body—with the company of players. Now it happened, first, that the troop were really in want of a young actor, if only to play up to the manager's daughter, and secondly that this young lady, who was as beautiful as the day and as vivacious as Mrs. Bracegirdle (she afterward became a most famous London actress, and married an aged earl, cast eyes of favor on the handsome lad, longed very much for him to play Romeo to her Juliet, or Othello to her Desdemona, or any other part in which the beauty of a handsome woman is set off by the beauty of a handsome man. Now a thing which very few actors can understand, they think which is a great mistake, that it is better for them to be the only well-favored creature on the stage. Wherefore the manager took Ralph aside privately, and offered him refreshment, either ale, or rumbo, or Barbadoes water, with tobacco if he chose, and had serious conversation with him, providing all his victuals and those as abundant as the treasury would allow, and a salary—say five shillings a week, to begin in a few months, as soon as he had learned to act, and to teach him the rudiments, and the honor and glory of playing principal parts, and his own daughter to play up to, and a possible prospect of appearing at Drury Lane.

To be Continued.)

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Our Fall Goods are rapidly coming to hand. Our Buyer has

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Selecting Goods at Prices which we have never before touched.

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The selecting will be found complete and comprising Goods of the Best Products from the Manufacturing world.

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CANNOT BE TOUCHED.

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Rankin and Allan.

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Quack! Quack!

THE FIFTEENTH IS COMING BOYS AND DON'T FORGET TO BUY YOUR

AMMUNITION

— AT —

GRANT'S

Where you can procure every description of Sportsman's Material.

SHELLS EMPTY OR LOADED WITH BEST GRADES OF POWDER. A FINE LOT OF GUNS TO BE SOLD CHEAP.

GRANT'S HARDWARE STORE, Stephen Avenue, (Opposite Herald Block,) CALGARY.

GET YOUR AMMUNITION

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ROGERS,

WHOLESALE AND
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HARDWARE

STOCK COMPLETE.
PRICES LOW.

CALGARY.

Guns, Powder, Shells, Etc., at Low Figures.

THE WEEK'S LOCAL NEWS

Wednesday.
Hon. Mackenzie Bowell and party returned here on their special car Monday evening and proceeded east by the regular express Tuesday morning. The party are enthusiastic over western scenery and hospitality.

Thursday.
Superintendent McIlreath of the N. W. M. P. went by the east bound train this morning to Regina.

Mr. John L. Bowen, manager of the I. O. Baker & Co. firm at Calgary, went down to Gleichen this morning by the 3:15 express.

General superintendent Whyte and superintendent Niblock of the C. P. R., passed west on No. 1 express this morning. It is expected Mr. Niblock will go east tonight and that Mr. Whyte will debar at Calgary and take the trip through the farming country to the south of this town, which he had intended taking in company with W. B. Scarth, M. P., some time ago, but which he did not succeed in doing at that time.

An old citizen and good business man in the person of Mr. Archie York with his family, left Calgary for the coast by 24:45 express this morning. Some time ago Mr. York sold out his interest in the cattle and butcher firm of Soules & York. It was expected that Mr. York would have gone into business again in Calgary, but he has decided to try the Pacific slope for the present. Mr. York has left a record behind him on which he can come back to Calgary when he learns by experience that the Pacific towns are no better if as good as Calgary.

Mr. Rankin, of the dry goods and clothing house of Rankin & Allan, returned this morning from his purchasing tour in the east. The premises of the firm are already assuming a crowded appearance with goods which Mr. Rankin had sent on in advance of his return. During his stay in the east he travelled through a considerable portion of Ontario, and reports that while the crops of the whole province are under an average they are much better than at one time it was feared they would be. Some districts have suffered terribly from drought. The fruit crop however is very good all over.

Friday.
There was a large exodus from Calgary to Kamloops by this morning's train of the demi monde, wheel of fortune gents, and their concomitants. Calgary will have a respite for a few days.

Ernest J. Bangs, late of the Calgary Lumber company, who has severed his connections with that company, went to Golden yesterday morning. We understand Mr. Bangs is going up the Columbia river to meet Lieut. Cochrane, where the latter has a large mining interest. Mr. Bangs will be missed in business and social circles, and especially amongst the Odd Fellows of which lodge he was secretary.

Saturday.
Threshing is in full swing all around Calgary.

The Calgary Lumber Company's business has been put under an entirely new management.

Mr. John J. Foote, of the Quebec Morning Chronicle, was a passenger by the west bound train this morning.

Mr. T. B. Linton went east this morning. In his absence from town Mr. S. Cowan will act as secretary of the baseball club.

It has been suggested that if the citizens raise a fund to provide attractions for exhibition time, that a portion of the money should be devoted to a prize to be competed for between the two local baseball teams.

The express train from the east did not arrive until nine o'clock, about eight hours late. The cause of the delay was the unusual heaviness of the train, and this notwithstanding a special followed close behind the regular train.

Monday.
Mr. G. C. King went up to Banff by this morning's express.

Mr. Frank Dick came in from the west this morning with a sack full of silver ore.

Mr. H. A. Costigan, of Winnipeg, brother of Mr. J. R. Costigan, barrister, is spending a few days in town enjoying the shooting.

In forwarding Mr. Feehan the prize for the Calgary exhibit of produce Mr. L. A. Hamilton, C. P. R. Land Commissioner wrote: "The samples of grain were to me a revelation, as I must confess that I was to a certain extent impressed with the idea that the raising of wheat in your district was not practicable."

Tuesday.
Mr. G. C. King returned from Banff this morning.

Lieut. Col. Herchmer is to visit Macleod on business connected with the force.

Entries for the Autumn exhibition are coming in well. Stabling and other accommodations will be awarded according to priority of entry.

Mr. Kerr, General Passenger Agent and Asst. Supt. Niblock, of the C. P. R., passed west in their private car attached to a freight train this morning.

Several Calgary people left for Macleod to attend the races today and yesterday. Among the departures today was Mr. and Mrs. Braithwaite and a party of friends.

Major Hatton and Mr. Andrews left for Medicine Hat by this morning's express to superintend the shipment of 1,300 head of cattle to Montreal for Sir John Lester Kaye.

A pitiful object among our Sarcee visitors is a boy thirteen or fourteen years of age who limps about on a pair of Indian crutches. These appliances are two plain sticks fastened together at the height of the boy's armpits by a piece of rawhide a couple of feet long. The sticks come behind his shoulders while the weight of his body rests on the string connecting them, which passes over his breast and under the arms.

Lower Lumber Rates.
The Canadian Pacific Railway has reduced its rates of freight on lumber to Calgary very considerably. The following table gives a good idea of the reductions on rates from some of the principal points in the mountains:—

FROM	OLD RATE	NEW RATE
Palliser	18	16½
Golden	20	17
Donald	22½	18
Beaver Mouth	23	17½
Six Mile Creek	23	19
Rogers Pass	24½	20½
Illecillewaet	25½	22

The Harvest Home.

It appears to be generally admitted that the suggestion to hold a Harvest Home in connection with the Autumn Exhibition was a happy thought, and judging from the enthusiasm evoked, the event will be a complete success. The ladies are particularly interested and appear determined that nothing which can add to the attractiveness of the entertainment shall be left undone. A meeting of the ladies' committee will be held at Mrs. Rowe's residence tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock, to make arrangements etc. Any lady willing to assist is cordially invited to attend.

She has Appealed.

The "Blue Light House" case which was adjourned once or twice, was again brought up before Mayor Shelton Tuesday. Alice Sturtevant was charged with keeping a reputed house, and "Pearl" the other inmate was charged with being an inmate. It is reported commonly that at the time of the raid, there were four of the male persuasion found within the house, but the police on duty not having instructions from the mayor to arrest the sterner sex, these men were not called on to explain their presence at this retreat. Counsel against "Allie" was not pushed, but "Pearl" was fined \$10 and costs. She through her lawyer has appealed against the decision of the court.

THE CITY FATHERS.

Meet and Discuss Water Works and the Refusal of the Mayor to Sign the By-law.

The regular meeting of the town council took place at 8 p. m. yesterday. A letter was read which had been received from the department of immigration at Ottawa by Mr. Miquelon, in reply to one from him asking aid for a family now at Quebec to be sent through to Calgary. There are some young men and women in the family who could get situations here. The letter stated that half immigrant rates could be got from the C. P. R. for these people. The council thought they could be going beyond their powers if granted aid in this case and the matter was dropped.

The chairman of finance reported the following offers for the \$11,000 of debentures to be issued shortly by the town for permanent improvements: Wesley F. Orr 99½ per cent; W. F. Ramsay 99½ per cent; S. Barber 100 per cent; P. Wilson Smith 100½. It was recommended that the offer of P. Wilson Smith be accepted and a resolution to that effect was carried.

W. F. Orr chairman of the special committee appointed to report on the water works generally and on the proposition of the Calgary Gas & Water Works Company to put in a system under their charter, in particular brought in a report. In addition to the memo in the report the Water Company agree to T. C. Kepper, Esq., to decide all engineering points in the interests of the town. The main point on which the committee did not complete their report was as to how many hydrants the town should take in case a contract was entered into. The mode the committee propose to adopt so arrive at a decision is by getting a correct statement of the present fire protection expense, how much of that would be saved and what the direct benefits would be to the ratepayers. As the report was referred back to the committee for completion, it is unnecessary to publish it until finally handed in. After the other business of the Council

was got through with Councillor Collins brought up the matter of the non-signing of By-law No. 84 by the Mayor. His Worship admitted that he had promised at the last meeting of the Council to sign the By-law next day, but through press of other public business had not done so at once. He stated that he had gone to the clerk's office for that purpose on the day promised but the clerk not being in it was not done.

After this the Mayor had some words with Councillor Collins on the street about the by-law, and on that account the Mayor would not sign the by-law and refused now to make any promise about signing it.

Councillor Collins moved seconded by Councillor McCallum, "That the Solicitor be instructed to take such legal action in court as will compel the Mayor to sign By-law 84."

The Mayor at first refused to read the resolution but on having his duty pointed out by the town solicitor, he did so, and the resolution was carried unanimously. During the discussion both on Water Works and By-law 84 a good deal of speech-making was done.

THE CALGARY HERALD.

Remarkable Instance of Northwest Development.

The Calgary Herald of the 1st Sept. comes to us in handsome form, with 28 columns of matter and printed throughout in red ink. This red letter day in the history of our bright and new contemporary was the fifth anniversary of the establishment of the paper, the first number having been struck off on a little hand lever press in a tent by the banks of the Elbow river, the staff consisting at that time of its editor and proprietor and one printer. A sketch of the difficulties experienced in these pioneer days in getting the type set up is related in an interesting manner by a member of the original staff. The Hon. Mackenzie Bowell and his family visited the town site and office of the paper, and the Hon. gentlemen being told of the difficulty of getting the type set, immediately pulled off his coat and went to work for a time at the case.

At that time the hotels, law offices, church and most of the stores were under canvas, and even the Anglican Bishop lived in a tent. Now after the lapse of five years, Calgary has grown into a city, and the local papers claim that its principal business establishments, bank building and hotels, illuminated with the electric light and connected by telephone, would be a credit to Montreal or Toronto. In view of these facts, Northwest development certainly means something more than a myth. The Calgary Herald is of course very proud of their city's progress, and claim that while Alberta is the savior of Canada, Calgary is the tenderloin of Alberta. The mining and ranching interests of this favored district are making gigantic strides, and the crops were never so prolific as they are this season, nor the weather so favorable for harvesting them.

Canadians everywhere will rejoice at the prosperity and development of their own Northwest, and the Calgary Herald which is doing so much to promote it, has our hearty congratulations upon its own phenomenal success.—Quebec Morning Chronicle.

AUCTION SALE OF PEDIGREE CATTLE

THOMAS S. BURNS, Auctioneer, Calgary, has been honored with instructions from Messrs. Bone, Wright & Turner, of Alisa Ranch, to sell by Public Auction, in the show yard, at Calgary, upon the last day of the Show, **Wednesday, the 26th September, 1888,** At 10 o'clock in the afternoon
Six Pedigree Cows. One Three-year-old Bull.
Pedigree of above will be shown upon day of sale. THOMAS S. BURNS, Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

CALGARY LUMBER COMPANY.
(LIMITED.)
Messrs. PETTIT & MCKINELL
Have been appointed sole agents for the sale of
Lumber, Brick and Coal
For the above Company at Calgary.

All accounts due the company may be paid to Messrs. Pettit & McKinnell, or J. B. Smith, Advocate Calgary.
T. B. H. COCHRANE, President.
Dated Sept. 10, 1888.
Calgary Lumber Co., Limited. 31-83w

PALACE STABLES.

LIVERY, SALE AND FEED.
South of the C. P. R. Depot.
Good Corral Attached.

Fine Single and Double Rigs, also Saddle Horses,
STRICT ATTENTION PAID TO CUSTOMERS.
Patrons Respectfully Solicited. Telephone orders immediately attended to.
ARMSTRONG & McNAUGHTON, 318-47-48 Proprietors

THE PALACE HOTEL AND RESTAURANT.

Opposite the C. P. R. Passenger Depot.

Large Comfortable Rooms, First-class Table, (European Plan) Good Attendance.

Bar Furnished with Choice Cigars and Beer.
MRS. N. CLARK, Proprietress.

DELMONICO RESTAURANT

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

THE above house which has for some time enjoyed a

First-class Reputation,

has changed management. The present lessee holders are prepared to cater to the appetite of the public at the following rates:

Day Board, per week, \$5.50.
Table Board, 21 meal tickets, \$5.50

The Culinary Department

Will be under the direct supervision of the proprietors.

Fresh Oysters in all Styles. Game and Fish in season.

LLOYD & WILLIAMS, Proprietors

204-dw

THE

HEAD SURGEON

From

Dr. J. D. KERGAN'S

British American Medical and Surgical

Institute,

of Detroit, Mich., can be consulted free as follows:—

Moosejaw, C.P.R. Rest, Saturday and Monday, Sept. 23 and 24.
Maple Creek, Commercial House, from Tuesday noon until Wednesday noon, Sept. 25 and 26.
Lethbridge, Lethbridge House, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 27, 28 and 29.
Medicine Hat, Cosmopolitan Hotel, Monday and until 3 p.m. Tuesday, Oct. 1 and 2.
Calgary, Royal Hotel, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Oct. 3, 4, 5 and 6.
Banff, C.P.R. Hotel, Sunday and Monday, Oct. 7 and 8.
Dundee, Selkirk House, from Tuesday noon until Wednesday noon, Oct. 9 and 10

The people of the Northwest have seen so many of our advertisements during the last three years that we have been visiting Winnipeg and surrounding towns that it is not necessary to inform them in detail as to who we are, as the name of Dr. Kergan has become a household word to nearly all the people of the great Northwest; but for the benefit of those who have lately come to the country, also those in the extreme west who have never yet been able to consult our surgeons, we will say that Dr. J. D. Kergan's British American Surgeons represent a Medical and Surgical Institute, located at Detroit, Michigan, for the treatment of private and chronic diseases only, that is second to none in America. Thousands of rare and obscure cases are yearly treated by them, therefore, by the experience received from treating so many cases, aided by all that medical science of today affords, it can readily be seen why it is that they are so successful in the curing of all Private and Chronic Diseases. It is the duty of every honorable physician to do all he can to relieve human suffering, and while such diseases exist we deem it our duty to minister to their alleviation and cure without questioning the degree of depravity which brought on the trouble. Many men and women of pure minds, who never have departed from the path of virtue, have unconsciously contracted diseases, which, sooner or later will sap the springs of life or lay the foundation of a miserable old age, unless checked and cured. Having had a large experience in this class of diseases, we can in all sincerity assure the afflicted that under our treatment rapid cures are effected in the worst conceivable cases in a short time and at reasonable cost. Remember that the only danger comes from neglect, or attempting to cure yourself with prescriptions that have proved successful in curing your friends. Do not, therefore, waste time and complicate the difficulty; and do not let false modesty deter you from at once applying to us, either in person or by letter. Strict confidence will be observed, and exposure will never come at our hands.
Syphilis, Catarrh, Asthma, Consumption, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Kidney Liver and Bowel diseases, Piles, Rheumatism, Cancer, Tumors, Varicose Veins, Ulcers, Deafness, Sore and Weak Eyes, Blood and Skin Diseases, Fits, Female Complaints, Nervousness, Stammering, Rashness, General Debility, and all diseases of the Nervous System are among their PRINCIPAL SPECIALTIES.
If unable to call upon the Surgeon at any of the towns during the above dates, write to the Medical Director, DR. J. D. KERGAN, corner Michigan Ave., and Shelby St., Detroit, Mich. w3-4

BY FITZGERALD & ELLIS

Auction Sale of Sheep.

Being favored with instructions by the

PRESIDENT OF THE BRITISH AMERICAN RANCH CO.,

we will offer for sale by Public Auction, at

COCHRANE ALBERTA

— CN —

Thursday, September 27, 1888,

Their entire band of Sheep, comprising Seven Thousand head of High Grade Shropshire Ewe Lambs, and Northern Sheep, and Imported Rams.

Also 40,000 acres of Leasehold with improvements thereon. 15 years unexpired.

8 sheep will be sold in lots to suit purchasers. Lease will be sold as a whole or in three divisions.

Special train will leave Calgary for Cochrane on morning of sale.

Lease will be served at the ranch.
For full particulars apply to E. B. COCHRANE, Esq., at Cochrane, or to

FITZGERALD & ELLIS, Calgary.
Calgary, August 27th, 1888.

HORSES LOST

Strayed from T. Chamberlain's Storey Creek, the following horses:—1 Black Mare with white markings; 1 Bay Mare, blaze on nose, four white feet, white spot on belly, brand P on right shoulder; 1 Bay Gelding, star on forehead, four white feet, brand P on right shoulder; 1 Roan Filly, blaze on nose, brand P on right shoulder; 1 White Roan Gelding, brand A on right shoulder. All branded J P in centre of diamond on right shoulder. I will give a reward of \$20, either at the ranch or at Banff & Co.'s stable, Calgary, to any person finding same.
208-14 dw J. WILKINS BRANKLEY.

Calgary District Agr'l Society's FALL SHOW.

LIST OF SPECIAL PRIZES.

A Special Prize of \$10 for first, and \$5 for second will be given by A. Lucas, Esq., for the best foal bred from Manabrio Star. No entrance fees.

A Special Prize of \$10 will be given by Messrs. I. G. Baker & Co., for the best grade cow and calf. No entrance fees.

A Special Prize of Furniture (value \$10) will be given by A. K. Shelton, Esq., for the best sucking foal, any breed. No entrance fees.

A Special Prize of \$10 for first, and \$5 for second will be given by Messrs. Hall & Troughton, for the best team of Wyrking horses, and class.

A Special Prize of a one horse Hoe Plant Cultivator will be the Massey Mfg Co., for the best exhibit of butter in crock of 40 lbs., stumps 50 lbs. roll 10 lbs., and 5 lbs. in 1 lb. prints.

A Special Prize of \$10 for the best Stallion under 3 years, will be given by Messrs. Douglas & Stritree.

A Special Prize of \$5 will be given by A. A. Davidson, Esq., for the best at big, any grade.

A Special Prize, goods to the value of \$10, will be given by E. R. Rodgers, Esq., for the best team of Wyrking horses, and class.

A Special Prize of \$10 will be given by the Tribune for the best yearling from Alberta wool manufactured during the exhibition in the hall.

A Special Prize \$10 will be given by John Lippman, Esq., for the best Short horn bull calf, pedigree not necessary.

A Special Prize of \$5 for the best vessel for shipping butter in, will be given by Messrs. Rankin & Allan.

A Special Prize of a Barrel of Apples, will be given by Geo. K. Loeson, Esq., for the best drawing in crayon.

A Special Prize of \$10 will be given by James Reilly, Esq., for the best heavy draught Stallion any breed, other than Clydesdale. \$1 and prize by the society.

A Special Prize of \$5 will be given by J. S. Douglas, Esq., for the best collection of house plants.

225-1w 110

WATER!

WATER!

WATER!!

H. BLOOMFIELD,

PLUMBER HYDRAULIC AND

SANITARY ENGINEER

STEPHEN AVENUE WEST

Begs to call attention to his system

of

TUBE

WELLS

The only means of

ensuring a good

supply of pure

water.

Testimonials from the following gentlemen:—The Rgt. Hon. Judge Rouleau, H. A. L. Dundas Esq., J. P. Jephson, Esq., The Calgary Public School, Messrs Child and Wilson, Architects, Messrs McCoskie and Kemp, Architects, Rev. J. F. Bette A. Kennedy, Esq., contractor for the new barracks, and others.

Pumps of Every Description Fixed and Repaired.